

SENSORI® CONTROL MANUAL

FOR STANDALONE

VERSION 2.0

01/2025



OXFORD ENERGY SOLUTIONS



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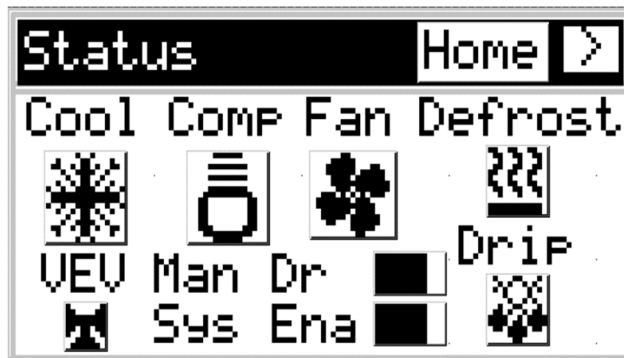
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SENSORI CASE MANAGEMENT FOR STANDALONE (M172-42 I/O)

STATUS

Status Indication Screen SYMBOLS THAT ARE VISIBLE MEANS THAT STATE IS ACTIVE.

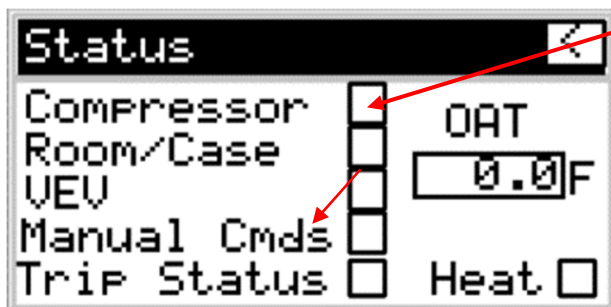


Man Dr – Manual Door Open Indication
(Refer to pg.7, Manual Commands for Operation)

Sys Ena – System Enabled Indication: System enabled by Digital Input (refer to wiring schematic)

VEV Command active = Digital Output 5 active. This is used for a wired Refrigeration Command.

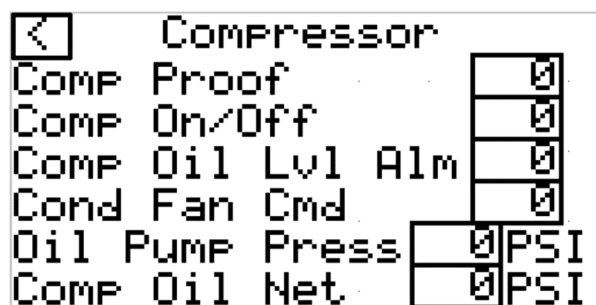
Status Menu Screen



Compressor Status Screen (refer to **Sensori Compressor Safety Control Manual** section 2 for more info)

See further for Trip Status and Heat (Room Heat Ctrl)

Compressor Proof, Condenser Fan Command



Case/Room Status Screen

Case/Room	
Combine Temp	0.0 F
Def Coil Tmp	0.0 F
Relative Hum	0.0 %
Defrost Cnt	0 s
Drip Cnt	0 s

Combination Temperature - used to control refrigeration on/off (Control Temperature). Depending on Number sensors and "Temp Rd Md" selected in Setpoints. This will show the combined method of case/product temps. If only one temp active, "Temp Read 1" will display the same, and "Temp Read 2" will display 0.

Defrost Coil Temperature – used to display Coil Temperature of Evaporator. Can be used to terminate defrost when this temperature reaches "Defrost Termination Temperature" set in setpoints.

Relative Humidity – display only if Present, set in setpoints. Displays 0 if not present. Read only value.

Count Delays – Counter in seconds for **Defrost/Drip**. Expires Based on time set in Setpoints menu.

Case/Room	
EEV Runtime	0 Hr
Def Run Ok	0
Temp Read 1	0.0 F
Temp Read 2	0.0 F

EEV Runtime – Status of Electronic valve runtime. Used to determine Defrost, when "Defrost Runtime" is enabled. Value MUST be "1" and "ok", for a defrost to run its cycle. See Below Setpoints for further details.

Defrost Run Ok – Active in a state of "1", when "EEV Runtime" has exceeded the EEV Runtime Setpoint.

Temp Read 1 and 2 – Displaying Temperature reads based on product temperature or case temperature being enabled.

Case/Room	
Door Opn	<input type="checkbox"/>
Door Dly Cnt	<input type="checkbox"/>
Clean Active	<input type="checkbox"/>
Clean Cnt	<input type="checkbox"/>

Door Open: displays when physical Digital input (*Door Switch*) is active. **Door Delay** is based on time set in setpoints for open and close for counting.

Clean Active: displays when system in clean mode. **Clean Count** until clean has expired.

Case/Room Fan	
Fan Therm	<input type="checkbox"/>
Fan Variable	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> %
Fan Spd High	<input type="checkbox"/>
Fan Spd Low	<input type="checkbox"/>

Evaporator **Fan Thermal** (*If Present*) –
 1 = State is Ok to run. Digital Input is True.
 0 = Trip or not present. Digital Input is False.

Fan Variable Speed indicates if it is enabled and the percent active (0-10vdc = 0-100%)

Fan Speed High/Low Indication (*Further info in "Setpoints"*)

Compressor Status Screen:

Refer to Compressor Safety Manual for other Compressor Status screen information

Compressor	
Var Comp Spd	<input type="text" value="0.0"/> %
LP Byp Act Cutout:	<input type="text" value="0"/> PSI
LP Byp Count	<input type="text" value="0"/> s

Var Comp Spd – Variable Compressor Speed Output from 0-100% being controlled through 0-10vdc Analog Output. See **Setpoints** for further information.

Heat Status Screen

Room Heat	
Heater Active	<input type="checkbox"/>
Act Temp Rd	<input type="text" value="0"/> F
AI12 Rd	<input type="text" value="0"/> F
CutIn Dly Cnt	<input type="text" value="0"/> s
CutOut Dly Cnt	<input type="text" value="0"/> s

Room Heat Control – simply used for controlling heat in room/case.

Heater Active – When displays "1", indication of Heater output being active.

Active Temperature Read is either from the Case/Room temperature (same temp that is being used to control the cooling) or **AI12** depending on if AI12 is present.

Heater Cut in and Out Delay counts in seconds.

Trip Status:

◀ Trip Status		
LP: Trip Cnt		0s
SH: HI Dly Cnt		0s
LO Dly Cnt		0s
Oil Lvl: Alrm Dly		0s
Oil Pr: Alrm Dly		0s
Comp Prf Dly Cnt		0s

Trip Status – Refer to **Sensori Compressor Safety Manual** (section 2) for more info on compressor status/delay counts.

Compressor Proof Delay Count, time set in Room/Case setpoints. If count ever expires, Compressor Proof Alarm will occur and must be reset to return normal operation and count to zero.

Vev Status

*Refer to Sensori Control with VEV Driver

◀ VEV1 Reads		
Probe Temp		0.0
Saturation		0.0
Superheat		0.0
Ref Press		0.0
Valve %		0.0

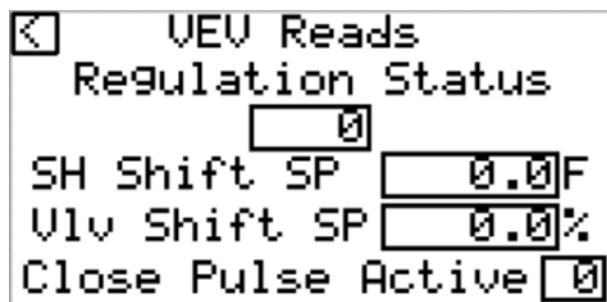
Probe temp – Temperature probe located on suction line at outlet of evaporator as installed by contractor.

Saturation – The SST of the selected refrigerant based on its current pressure.

Superheat – The calculated superheat in real time.

Ref Press – The pressure of the suction line where the suction line transducer was installed by contractor.

Valve % – EXV valve operating % in real time.



Indicates the current **Regulation Status**:

- 0= OFF
- 1=SH
- 2= MOP
- 3=CONTINUOUS MODULATION
- 4=EXTERNAL LIMITATION
- 5=START
- 6=STOP
- 7=DEFROST
- 8=MANUAL
- 9=ALARM

SH Shift SP – Superheat Setpoint Shift based on Outdoor Temperature used in a linear scale, for setting superheat setpoint to improve Case efficiency and minimize compressor superheat. As Outdoor temperature increases, superheat setpoint will decrease. See Setpoints for more details.

Vlv Shift SP – Electronic Valve Max open Shift Setpoint. Max open setpoint of valve when “Vlv Shift” is enabled. This is used to prevent Electronic Valve from opening to far during cooling and causing flooding due to “Lazy” coils and possible slow reaction time of valve. Max valve should always be set on cases as a safety, in case of sensor fails, to prevent cases from flooding. See setpoints for more details.

Close Pulse Active – Valve Closing pulse active will indicate “1” when valve goes to close to ensure no step loss after valve has been running for x time set in setpoints only when this feature is enabled. See Setpoints for more details.

MANUAL COMMANDS



Push Button and indication for being active.

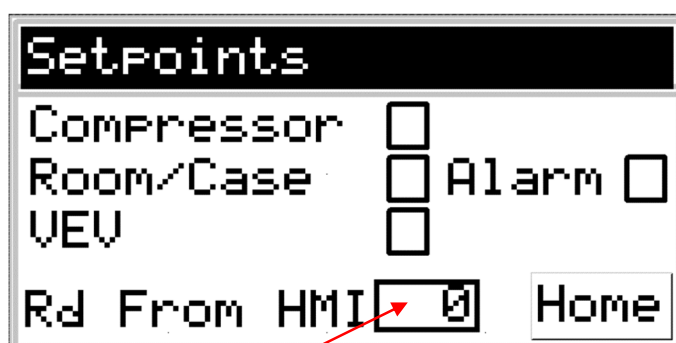
Door Mode – 0 = Auto mode. This mode is waiting for the physical Door switch (DI), to be active before the count will start. When a count has expired, based on setpoints set for Door open/Close delays, the system will shut off.
1 = Manual Door open mode. Set this to 1 if system is to manually be shut down.

Manual Defrost – Listens to both time and defrost coil temperature, whichever comes first. Minimum defrost will be active.

Emergency Defrost – Only listens to the maximum time set in Setpoints menu. This will not look at defrost coil temp.

Stop Defrost – Can be used anytime the system automatically or manually is put into defrost. Drip time will occur after this is pressed.

SETPOINTS



Refer to **Sensori Compressor Safety Control Manual (section 2)** for Information on Compressor Setpoints.

Refer to **Sensori Control with VEV Driver (section 3)** for Information on VEV Setpoints.

****NOTE:** This value must be set to “0” if setpoint changes (that also have access from the remote HMI (DCL)) are being made. If Value is set to “0”, certain setpoints will not allow you to change!!!**

Voltage Monitor Present and Compressor Proof (*See Below*)



If toggled to select “1”, system will look for Physical DI (*see wiring schematic*). If this input is not active, System will alarm and shut down.

COMP SetPnts Dly			
COMP Prf Alm Ena			
COMP Prf Alm Dly			0s

Compressor Proof Alarm Enable if using compressor feedback to the Physical DI (see wiring schematic).

Set **Compressor proof alarm delay** in seconds, that it will wait for an input to be active. Generally, this input is switched from a compressor contactor auxiliary, or a relay on a VFD.

AO Scaling

AO1:Discharge Pressure analog output 0-5VDC
AO2:Suction Pressure analog output 0-5VDC

AO Scale:			
A01:Dis X1		X2	
Press Y1		Y2	
A02:Suc X1		X2	
Press Y1		Y2	

Compressor Speed Control Setpoints

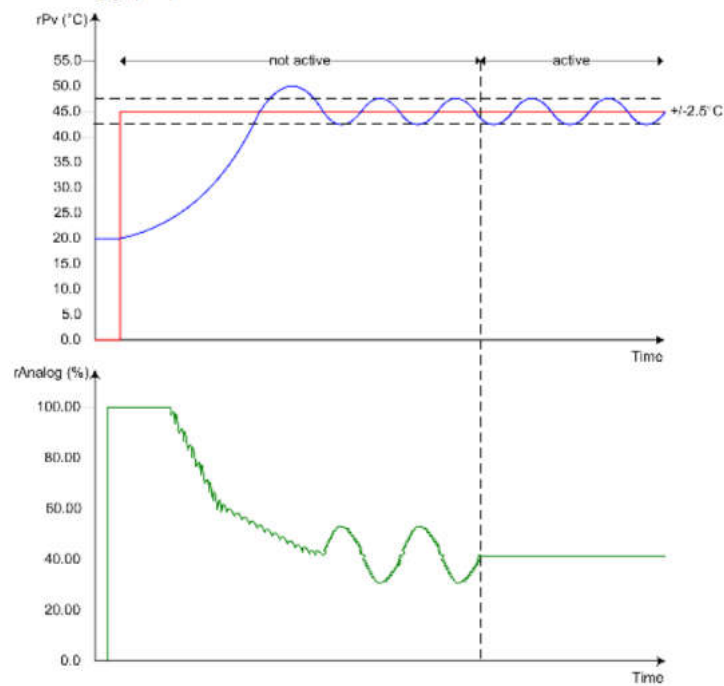
COMP Spd SetPnt		COMP Spd SetPnt	
COMP Spd Ena		Hold PID	
Suct Press SP		Hi Limit	
Suct Press DB		Low Limit	
Man Mode		P	
Man Value		I	
		D	

Compressor Speed Enable – Set to “1” to activate 0-100% variable speed control.

Suction Pressure Setpoint – Setpoint used to maintain a steady Saturated Suction Temperature in PSI.

Suction Pressure Deadband – Used to smooth out control behaviour PSI +/- . See Graphic.

The following graphic presents the dead band function:



Manual Mode and Manual Value – Set to manually override to a set value/speed.

Hold PID – The internal calculation of the integral term also freezes.

1: Holds the PID action

0: Resumes the PID action

High and Low Limit – Limits for PID Outputs

P I D – Proportional, Integral, and Derivative Values for Control Behaviour. Setting longer ramp-up times on variable frequency drives helps smooth out control of pressure as well.

Room Heat Control Setpoints

Heater Control		Heater Control	
Heat Ena	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cut Out SP	<input type="text" value="0.0"/> F
IndFdt TMP Ena	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cut Out Dly	<input type="text" value="0"/> s
Cut In SP	<input type="text" value="0.0"/> F		
Cut In Dly	<input type="text" value="0"/> s		

Heat Enable – Enables heater control for Room/Case.

Independent Temperature Enable – Enables AI12 to be used for Heat control. If set to 0, then temperature read for Case/Room that controls cooling will be used to control Heat. If set to 1 and a failed temperature sensor occurs, it will also automatically control based on cooling read.

Cut In and Out Setpoints – Used to control heater on/off. Set **Cut in and Out Delays** to avoid anti short cycling of heater from doors being opened, etc.

Case/Room Setpoints

Case Setpnts		Case Setpnts	
Number Sensors	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Mix SP	<input type="text" value="0.0"/> F
[?] Temp Rd Mode	<input type="text" value="0"/>	[?] SP Mode	<input type="text" value="0"/>
[?] Roll Av Dly	<input type="text" value="0"/> s	Temp SP	<input type="text" value="0.0"/> F
Remote HMI Present	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Temp DB	<input type="text" value="0.0"/> F
		RH Read Enable	<input type="checkbox"/>

If using the M172DCL display HMI select 1. If no remote display is used, select 0 and reboot PLC!

THIS IS SET IN AN INITIALIZE TASK AND SYSTEM MUST HAVE POWER RESET IF SET TO 0.

Number Sensors used for Selected Temp Rd Mode.

****2 SENSORS MAX**

Temp Rd Mode

0 = Actual Average Value (No Roll Average)

1 = Average (Roll)

2 = Max (Roll)

3 = Min (Roll)

4 = Mix (Roll) *MUST ONLY SELECT 2 SENSORS*

*Mix Temperature used primarily with a Product Temperature probe. Set Mix Setpoint to the % of Probe Read 2 (*Product*) for which the combined temperature will use to read for Control Temp.

Example:

Temp Rd 1 (Room Temp) = 40F

Temp Rd 2 (Product) = 50F

Mix SP = 25%

Value Out Combined = 42.5F

Roll Average Delay used for smoothing out quick temperature variations. Set delay for a smooth "Roll" into temperature change.

Mix SP When "Temp Rd Mode" = 4

Setpoint Mode

0 = Deadband is Centered of Setpoint

1 = Deadband is equally above and below setpoint

2 = Setpoint plus Deadband

3 = Setpoint minus Deadband

Relative Humidity only if using. This is read out only and has no effect on system operation.

This will indicate a failed sensor alarm and flash the red LED if open.

Case Setpnts	
Door Cls Dly	0s
Door Opn Dly	0s
Clean Time	0min
Case Defrost	
Def Coil Tmp En	0

Set to 1 if a **Defrost Coil Temperature** is being used.

Door Delays – Set delays in seconds. When Door open Delay has expired its set time, the system will turn off the compressor and fans, and a door open will appear on both the status screen and home screen of the remote HMI (*if used*).

Door Open = Digital Input is TRUE/active state. When the door is closed (*DI open*) and **Door Cls Dly** has expired its time delay set, the system returns to normal operation. At any point during the count, the door changes state, we resume our normal running state. Defrost is still active when the door is open. This is to insure we do not miss a defrost cycle.

Clean Time – amount of time the system will be in clean mode, when either the Digital Input is True/active, or the manual pushbutton on the DCL remote HMI is pressed.

Case Defrost	
Def Mode	0
Mix Def SP	0.0F
Def Min Tm	0min
Def Max Tm	0min
Def Drip Tm	0min
Def Coil SP	0.0F

Defrost Mode

- 0 = Positive Defrost (Electric, Hot Gas, Etc)
- 1 = Air Defrost
- 2 = Mixed Defrost

Mixed Defrost – Used for increase energy savings.

Set **Mix Def SP** to desired setpoint at which the system will use this value to enable air/electric defrost. If the Case temperature (*combined value if applicable*) is above or equal to the **Mix Def SP**, the system will activate air defrost. If below, the system will activate electric defrost.

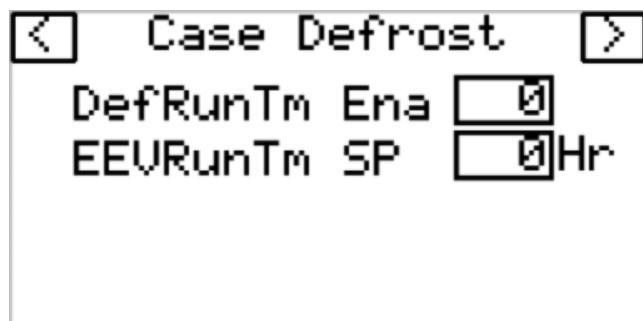
**** USE ONLY IN MEDIUM/HIGH TEMP APPLICATIONS! ****

Defrost Minimum Time – Minimum time the system will be in defrost when either manually activated or automatically through scheduled times. (Set in minutes)

Defrost Maximum Time – Maximum time the system will be in defrost when either manually activated or automatically through scheduled times. (Set in minutes)

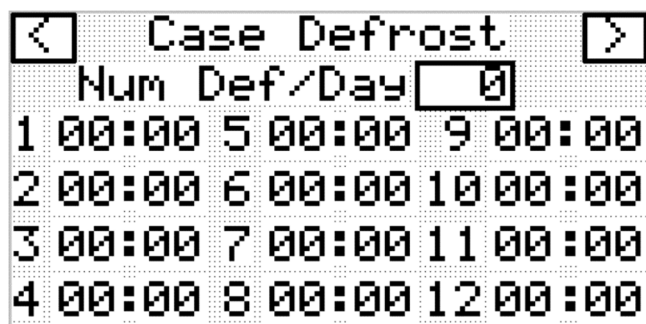
Defrost Drip Time – Time that the system is in “Drip” mode, no Cooling active. Evaporator Fans will be off in this mode unless air defrost is active.

Defrost Coil Termination Setpoint – Setpoint at which system will terminate defrost when value is reached. Minimum Defrost time must be reached before this is true.

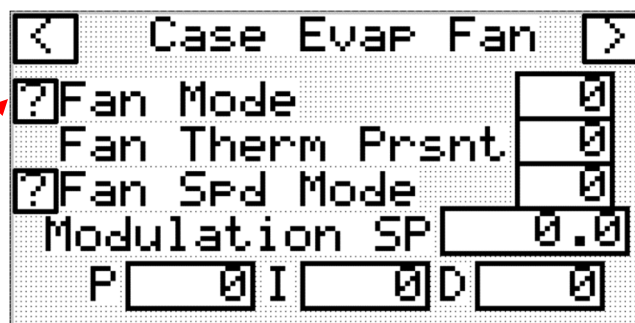


Defrost Runtime Enable – Set to “1” to enable this feature. This allows for maximum runtime of unit before a defrost is needed and avoiding unnecessary defrosts, saving energy from running defrost heaters. It is recommended to enable this feature for all electric defrost applications. When enabled, a timer will start every time the electronic expansion valve is greater than 0% open. When this timer exceeds the “**EEV Runtime Setpoint**”, the defrost cycle will be allowed to start on its next run cycle. If a defrost has reached its time to start and the **EEV Runtime Setpoint** has not been reached, the defrost will NOT run its cycle, skip that time, and continue its cooling sequence or off cycle. When “**Defrost Run Ok**” (Located in status menu) indicates a value of “1”, then the timer has expired from EEV runtime and will engage defrost when called upon. Set the **EEV Runtime Setpoint** in hours, for max runtime of valve/cooling, before a defrost can engage.

This is particularly useful for coolers with redundancy, where some evaporators and units will carry the load in the cooler and not allow the redundant unit to run very long.



Number Defrosts per Day - Select how many defrosts will be active per day (maximum 12). If “4” is selected, then system will only listen to times 1-4. If “8” is selected, then system will only listen to times 1-8. All Other numbers ahead of the Number of Defrosts will be ignored.



```

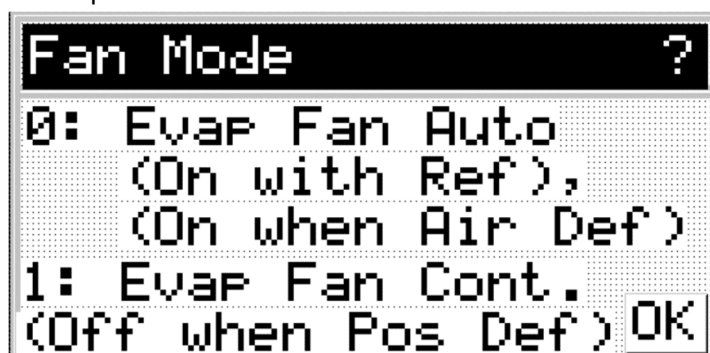
< Case Evap Fan >
[?] Fan Mode [0]
  Fan Therm Prsnt [0]
[?] Fan Spd Mode [0]
  Modulation SP [0.0]
  P [0] I [0] D [0]

```

Fan Mode

0: Evaporator Fan Auto

1: Evaporator Fan Continuous

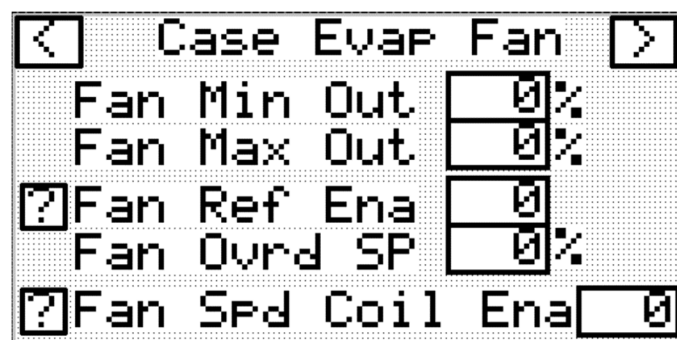


```

Fan Mode ?
0: Evap Fan Auto
  (On with Ref),
  (On when Air Def)
1: Evap Fan Cont.
  (Off when Pos Def) OK

```

Fan Thermal Present – Set to 1 if Evaporator Thermals are present. (See wiring schematic for DI, On= system ok) If no thermals are used, set value to 0. Alarm will be activated if set to 1 and the Evaporator fan thermal switch is not closed.



```

< Case Evap Fan >
  Fan Min Out [0]%
  Fan Max Out [0]%
[?] Fan Ref Ena [0]
  Fan Ovrld SP [0]%
[?] Fan Spd Coil Ena [0]

```

Fan Speed Mode (see wiring schematic)

0: Modulating Fan

1: Two Speed Fan

MODULATION

If Modulation is selected, Then the evaporator Fan will be controlled from a 0-10vdc signal out from the Sensori. This will be based on either Room Temperature or Coil Temperature.

Values that Correspond to Modulation

Fan Speed Setpoint: Used For "PID" to modulate to maintain.

Proportional Band(P)

Integral Time (I)

Derivative Time (D)

Fan Minimum Percent Out – Minimum percentage that the fan will run.

Fan Maximum Percent Out – Maximum percentage that the fan will run.

Fan Refrigeration Enable – If set to 1, Fan will override PID and run at “Fan Override Setpoint” value, when Cooling is active. If set to 0, the value will be based on PID only.

**** IF “Fan Refrigeration Enable” IS SET TO 0, PRECAUTION MUST BE TAKEN WHEN MINIMUM PERCENTAGE IS SELECTED, THAT THE COIL WILL NOT FREEZE WHEN COOLING IS ACTIVATED!!****

Fan Override Setpoint – Set this value if “Fan Refrigeration Enable” is set to 1. When Cool is active, this will be the override value the fan will run.

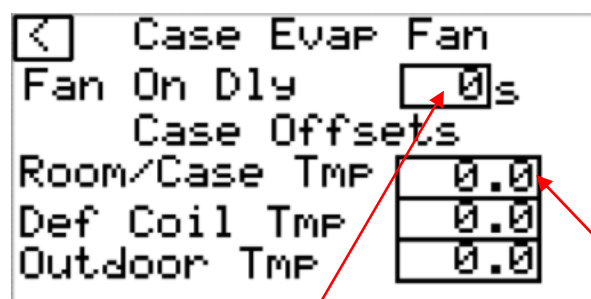
Fan Speed Coil Enable

0: Case/Room Temperature to control fan speed (Combined value is applicable).

1: Evaporator Coil Temperature (same probe as defrost termination temperature) Only set to 1 if “Def Coil Tmp En” is enabled.

TWO SPEED

If “Fan Speed Mode” is set to 1, Fan speed high will be active when Cool is active. Fan Speed Low will be active when there is no call for cooling. (*See wiring schematic for normally open and closed contacts*)

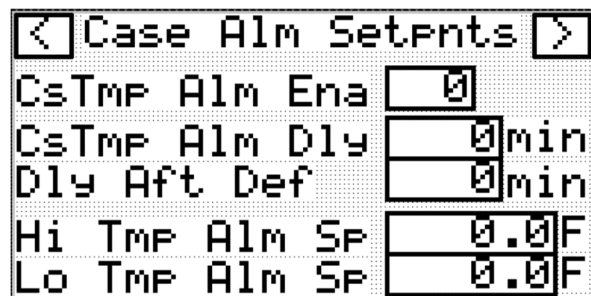


Temperature 1(AI1), NOT combined.

Fan On Delay – When Evaporator Fan is initially activated, it will delay for set time. Set this value low when using EXV to avoid valve from closing fully. If set too long on the M172-4210, system could trip on low pressure. (0-45 SECONDS MAX)

Case Offsets – **Room/Case Temperature** offset (AI1 – Temperature read 1), **Temperature Read 2**, **Outdoor Temperature**, and **Coil Temperature**. Set a negative value or positive value for offsetting temperature reads.

Alarm Setpoints

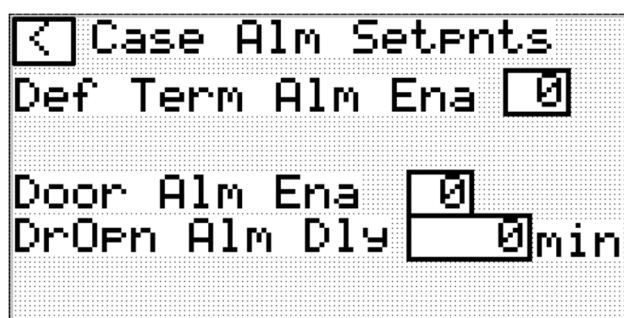


Case Temp Alarm Enable – Set to 1 if monitoring temperature for alarm state using the **High and Low Temp alarm setpoints**.

When system initially terminates defrost mode, the **Case Temp Alarm Delay**, (Cs Tmp Alm Dly) does not start to count until the **Dly Aft Def** time has been reached. Set these values in minutes.

High Temp Alarm Setpoint – Set Value for a case high temperature alarm to occur when the **Case Temp alarm delay** has expired, and the value has stayed equal to or greater than this value set.

Low Temp Alarm Setpoint - Set Value for a case low temperature alarm to occur when the **Case Temp alarm delay** has expired, and the value has stayed equal to or less than this value set.



Defrost Termination Alarm Ena – Set to 1 if alarm is being used. If a coil temperature is present and maximum time is reached/do not terminate based on Coil temperature setpoint, in defrost, this alarm will be active.

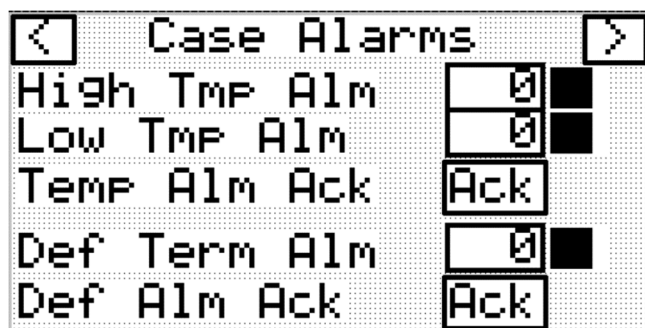
Door Alarm Enable – Set to 1 if alarm is being used. If the “Door open” is true and the “**Dr Opn Alm Dly**” time has expired, this alarm will be active.


****NOTE:** When a door alarm becomes active, the system will override the case management thinking that the door is closed. This is to avoid a prolonged period for the system to be off when the door is left open and saves product from going bad. If “**Door Alm Ena**” is set to 0, the system will be off when the door is open.**

ALARMS



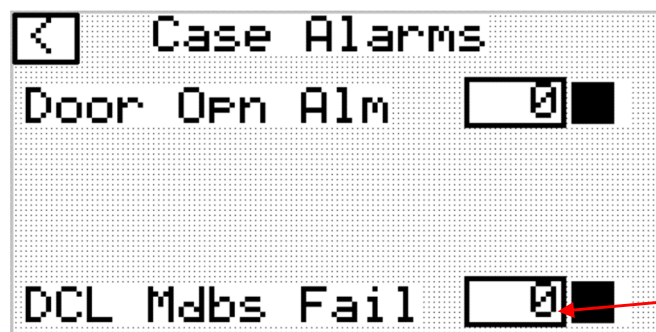
Indicates what alarms are present.



High Temperature Alarm  Temperature Alarm Acknowledge Button: Eliminates alarm and starts count again if temperature above or below setpoint.
Low Temperature Alarm

Defrost Termination Alarm – see pg.14, “Alarm Setpoints”.  Defrost Alarm Acknowledge

****NOTE:** No Alarm Acknowledges can be made from the Local Case management Sensori screen if the Remote HMI/DCL has access. Control must be taken from Remote. See “Setpoints” pg.14.



Door Open Alarm – See “Alarm Setpoints”
Pg. 14.

Remote HMI/DCL Modbus com error



If Voltage Monitor is present and there is no active input made (see wiring schematic), then this alarm will be active.

NOTE: For information on VEV and Compressor Alarms, refer to related manuals.

VEV Alarms:

****Refer to Sensori Control with Vev Driver for all VEV alarm information.**

Sensor Alarms

<div> <div>Failed Sensor</div> <div> <div>Disch Tmp AI1</div> <div>Suction Tmp AI2</div> <div>High Press AI3</div> <div>Low Press AI4</div> <div>VEV Press AI5</div> </div> <div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> </div> </div>	<div> <div>Failed Sensor</div> <div> <div>Relative Hum AI6</div> <div>Case/Rm Tmp AI7</div> <div>Def Coil Tmp AI8</div> <div>Outdoor Tmp AI9</div> </div> <div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> </div> </div>
<div> <div>Failed Sensor</div> <div> <div>Tmp Read 2 AI10</div> <div>VEV Tmp AI11</div> <div>Heat Tmp AI12</div> <div>Oil Press ExpAI1</div> <div>Temp Read Alarm</div> </div> <div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> </div> </div>	<p>Temp Read Alarm Indicates failed sensor for "Tmp Reads" when selecting "Number of Sensors". Also, can indicate if "Temp Rd Mode" 4 is selected and number of sensors DOES NOT equal 2. When an Indication of "1" is present, a sensor alarm has been reached.</p>

Evaporator Alarms

<div> <div>Evap Alarms</div> <div> <div>Evap Thermal Trip</div> <div>1</div> </div> </div>
--

Evaporator Thermal Trip – value of "1" when an evaporator thermal motor trip has occurred, enabled in setpoints. If Evaporator thermal is enabled in setpoints and the digital input (See wiring schematic) is true, then no alarm will be present. When this input is false, a thermal trip will occur and only reset when the input is true again.

EXTENDED INFORMATION

The screenshot shows a control panel menu with the following options and values:

- COMP Run Hrs**: 0
- COMP Cycles**: 0
- Rst**: 0
- SD**: 0
- Log**: 0
- USB**: 0
- IP**: 0.0.0.0

A red arrow points to the 'IP' field.

Refer to *“Sensori Compressor Safety Control”* (section 2) for more information.

Data Logging Inputs 42IO

1. Discharge Temperature
2. High Pressure
3. Low Pressure
4. Oil Pressure
5. Oil Level Alarm
6. Compressor Superheat
7. Oil Net Pressure
8. Room/Case Temperature
9. Coil Temperature
10. Voltage Monitor
11. VEV Error
12. Compressor Suction Temperature

Example of Excel Data Sheet

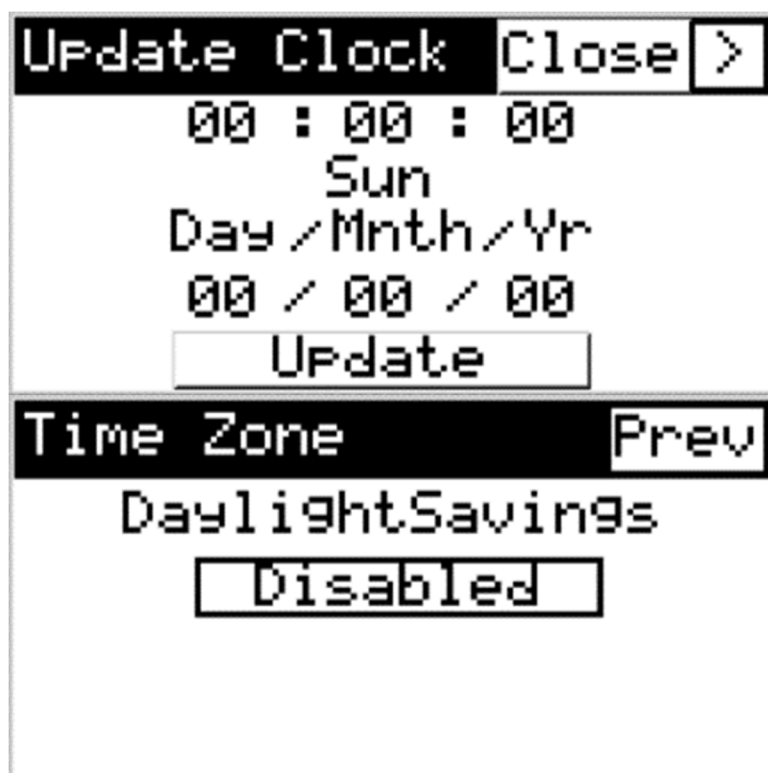
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
1	Date Time	State	AI 1	AI 2	AI 3	AI 4	AI 5	AI 6	AI 7	AI 8	AI 9	AI 10	AI 11	AI 12
2	2018-06-14 12:59	1	71.1	0	0	0	71.1	71.4	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
3	2018-06-14 13:00	1	71.4	0	0	0	71.4	71.6	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
4	2018-06-14 13:01	1	71.3	0	0	0	71.3	71.6	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
5	2018-06-14 13:02	1	71.2	0	0	0	71.2	71.5	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
6	2018-06-14 13:03	1	71.1	0	0	0	71.1	71.4	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
7	2018-06-14 13:04	1	71.1	0	0	0	71.1	71.4	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
8	2018-06-14 13:05	1	71	0	0	0	71	71.3	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
9	2018-06-14 13:06	1	71	0	0	0	71	71.3	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
10	2018-06-14 13:07	1	71	0	0	0	71	71.3	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
11	2018-06-14 13:08	1	70.9	0	0	0	70.9	71.3	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
12	2018-06-14 13:09	1	70.9	0	0	0	70.9	71.3	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
13	2018-06-14 13:10	1	70.9	0	0	0	70.9	71.2	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
14	2018-06-14 13:11	1	70.9	0	0	0	70.9	71.2	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6
15	2018-06-14 13:12	1	70.9	0	0	0	70.9	71.2	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	25.6

Commands are indicated as a “0.1” since written as an integer in program to extract. AI12 indicates a code error when any number is present based on the bit value that is indicating. All Logging deletes previous yearly.



Parameter USB Backup and Restore- Insert USB and select “To” to backup all Eeprom parameters/Setpoints in Sensori PLC. Recommended to leave copy on site with PLC in case of future problems. To Restore Setpoints into a new PLC, simply insert USB with backup file and select “Frm” Usb to input USB eeprom files.

RTC – Real Time Clock

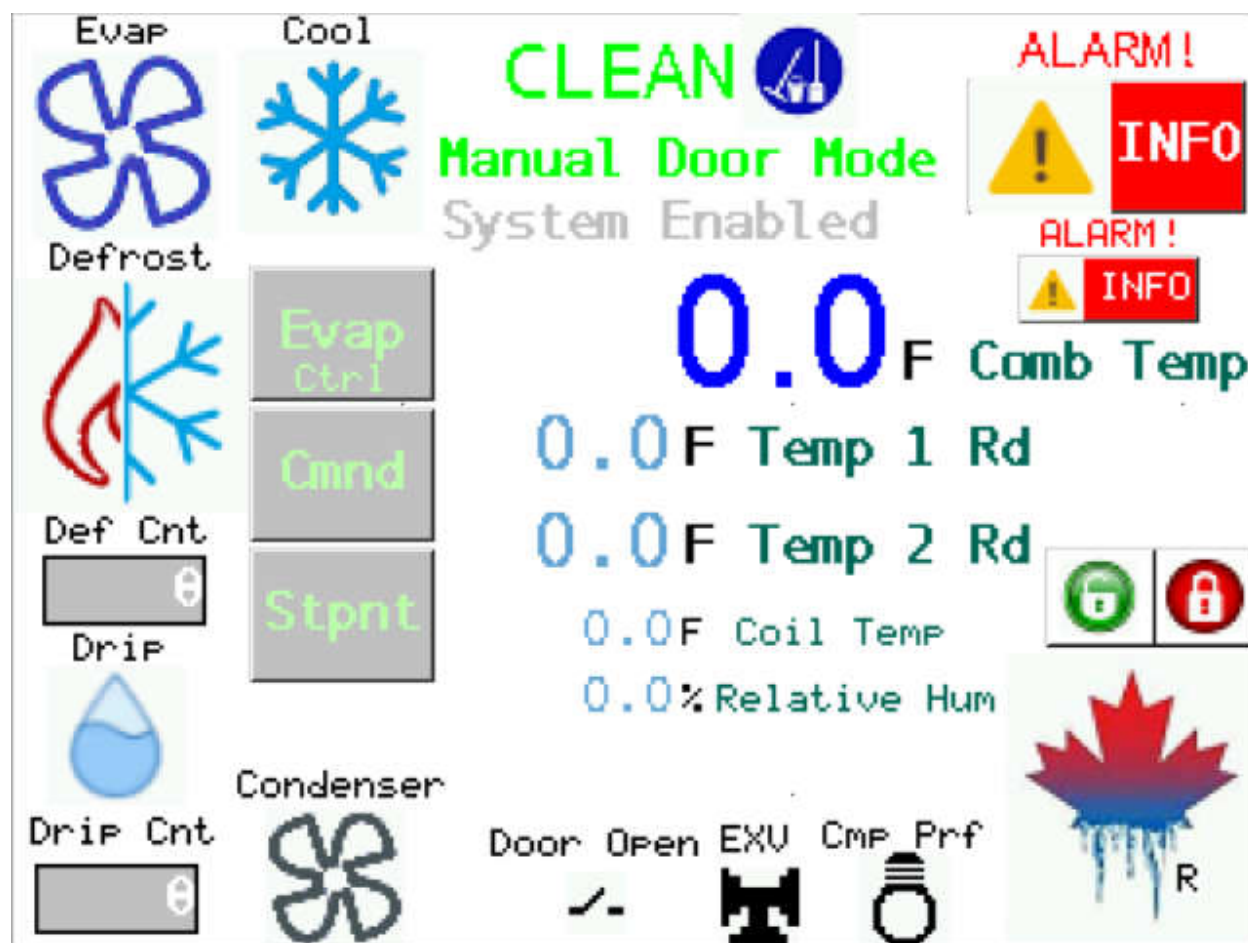


Set Real Time Clock for defrost to be accurate time settings!

0 No Time Zone specified	Daylight saving functionality is disabled.
1 Europe	Daylight saving functionality will start on last Sunday of March at 1:00 a.m. DST and end on last Sunday of October at 2:00 a.m.
2 US/Canada	Daylight saving functionality will start on second Sunday of March at 2:00 a.m. local time and end on first Sunday of November at 3:00 a.m.

M172DCL/HMI Remote Display

Home Screen – ONLY DISPLAYS WHAT IS ACTIVE



Green unlock button will open access to the following buttons.

Password is "19" and cannot be changed.

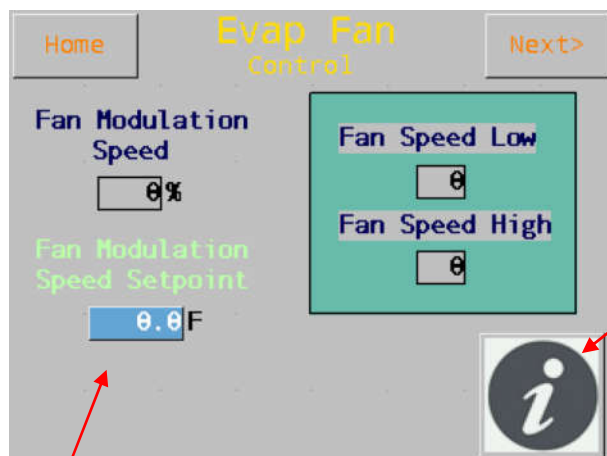
Pressing the Red lock will hide access to these buttons.



****NOTE:** NO SETPOINTS, COMMANDS, OR CHANGES CAN BE MADE WHEN YOU ARE NOT READING FROM HMI, SELECTED IN SETPOINTS!!!

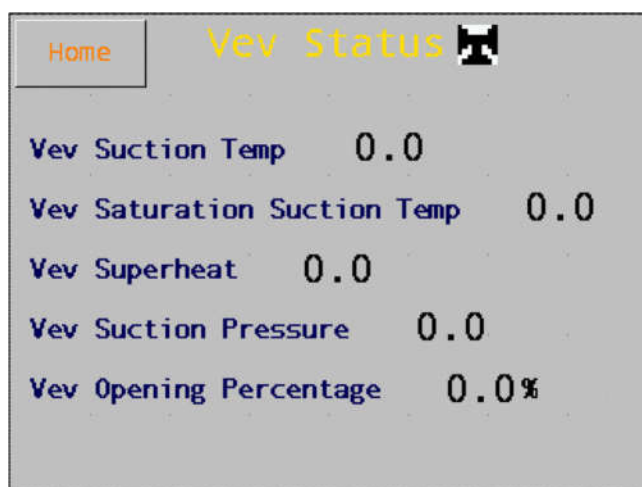
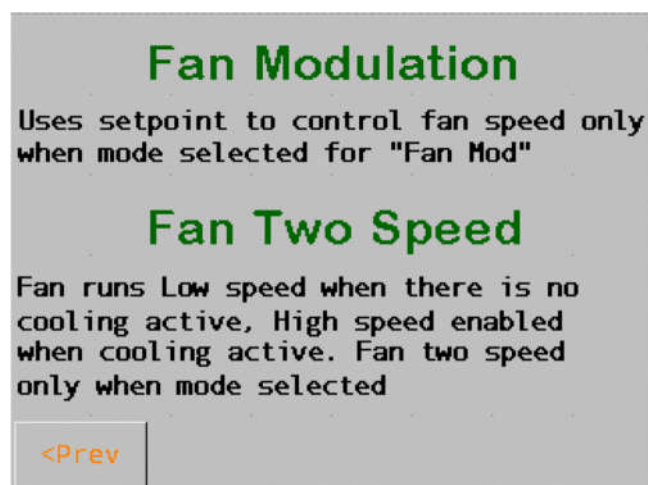
IF "Remote HMI Enabled" is reading "NO", only changes can be made from the Sensori Case Management PLC. If Set to "Yes" these changes can only be set from the HMI.**

Evaporator Control



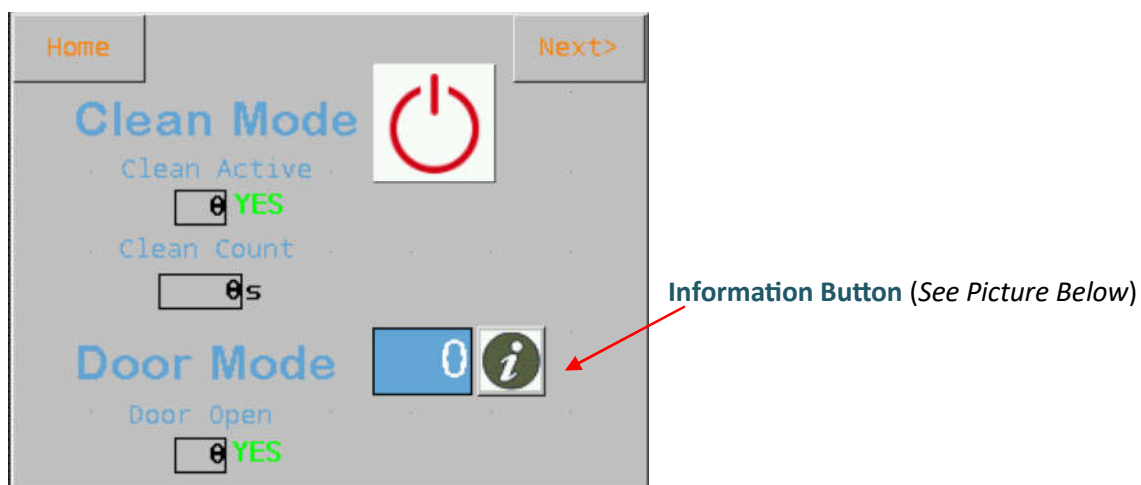
Information Button about Page (See Picture Below)

Fan Modulation Speed Setpoint can only be set/selected, when "Remote HMI Enabled" (YES)



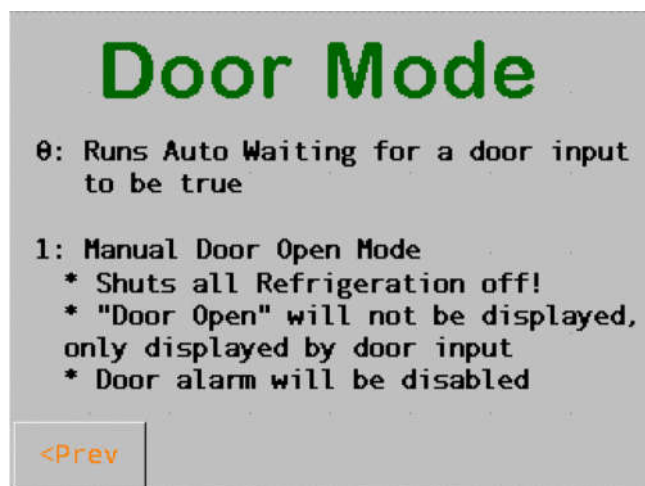
Vev Status Screen will not change from Celsius or Fahrenheit based on using the HMI degree change. This will always show the same status as what the Sensori Case Management PLC is Showing from the VEV parameter, dL08.

Commands

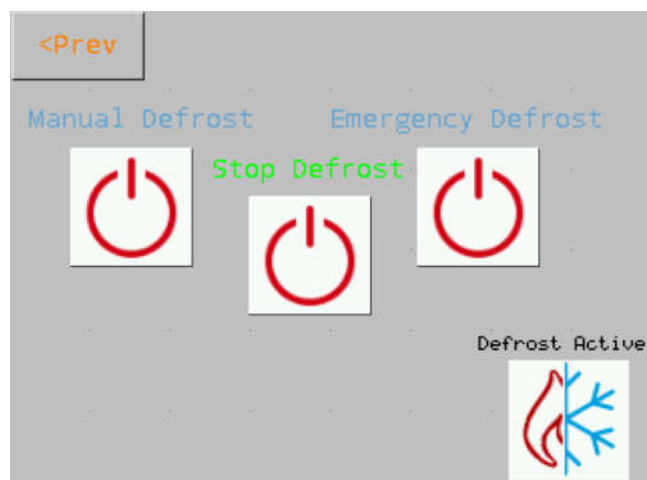


Clean Mode Push Button will illuminate green when pressed and red after 4 seconds of being released. This will force the system into **Clean Mode** and count to time set from PLC.

****NOTE:** IF READING FROM HMI, THIS BUTTON CAN BE ACTIVE, HOWEVER THE PHYSICAL DI CLEAN BUTTON WIRED IN WILL NOT WORK! Again, Only ONE command can be sent. "Remote HMI Enabled" must be set to "NO" if using a remote button Input.

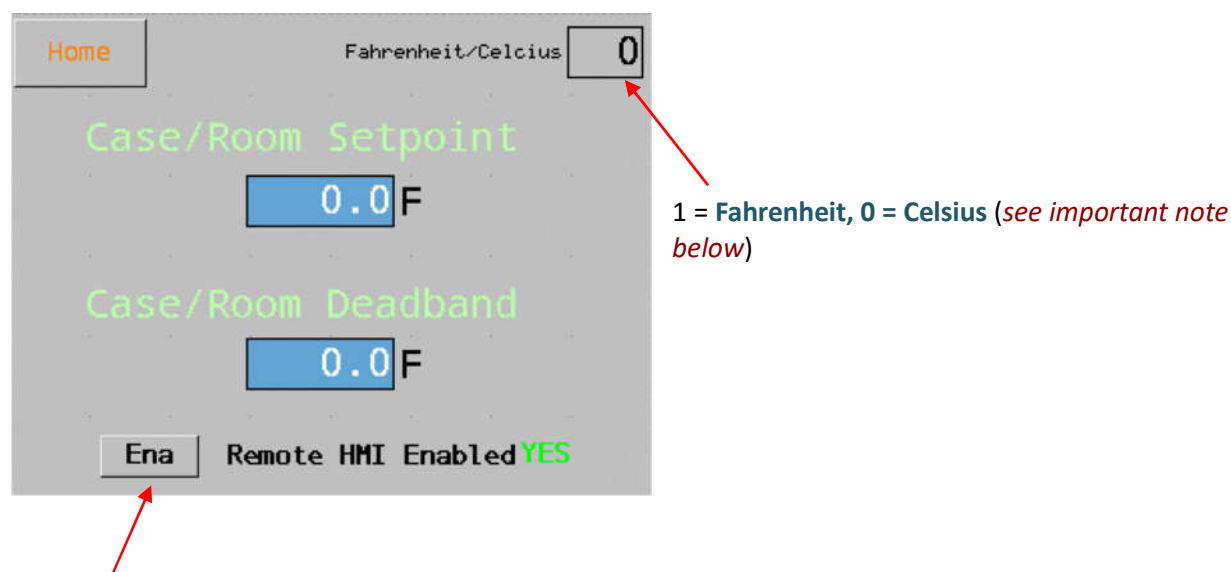


Door Mode – "Door Open" only displays from the physical DI door switch that is wired to PLC. This will not say that it is open if manual Door Mode is selected.



See explanation of manual commands in **Sensori Case Management** section 1.

****NOTE:** NO COMMANDS CAN BE MADE WHEN YOU ARE NOT READING FROM HMI SELECTED IN SETPOINTS!!



Once Enabled, this may only be removed by cycling power or taking control by the PLC!
If Remote HMI and Sensori Case Management have two different power sources and power is cycled on either unit, The **Remote HMI Enabled** always defaults to the Sensori Case Management PLC.

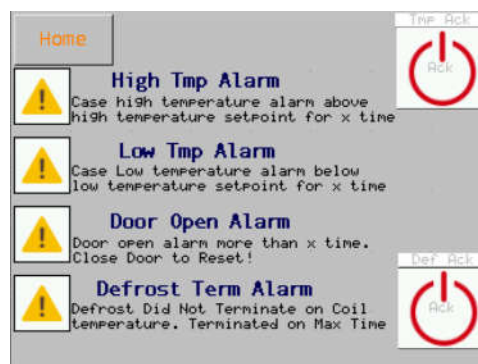
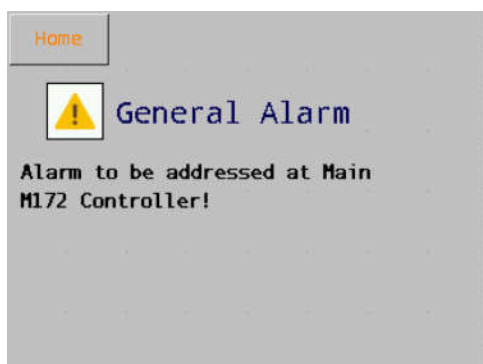
****IMPORTANT!!!**** When control is taken by the “DCL Display” (**Remote HMI Enabled = YES**), always make sure to set the **Case/Room Setpoint** AND **Case/Room Deadband** to CORRECT setpoint values when converting the Fahrenheit to Celsius and inverse! Taking control of the device and converting the values DOES NOT automatically convert setpoint changes, due to the control being at the display.

ALARMS



Large Alarm Button – Address at Sensori PLC (See Picture below)

Small Alarm Button – Can Acknowledge Alarms from Remote (See Picture below)



****NOTE:** NO ALARM ACKNOWLEDGE CAN BE MADE WHEN YOU ARE NOT READING FROM HMI SELECTED IN SETPOINTS!!

SENSORI COMPRESSOR SAFETY MANUAL

HOME PAGE

Using up and down arrows on Sensori, select one of the four menus and select “ok.”

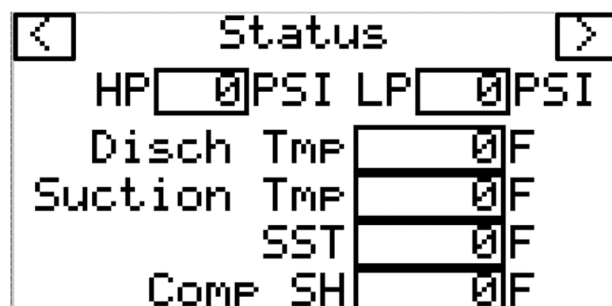
Simply select the next or previous arrow (>)/(<) on the screen, to scroll through pages. At any given point that this is not an option, press and hold the left arrow on the Sensori to return to previous page.

1. Status
2. Setpoints
3. Alarms
4. Extended Information
5. RTC and Data logging

STATUS

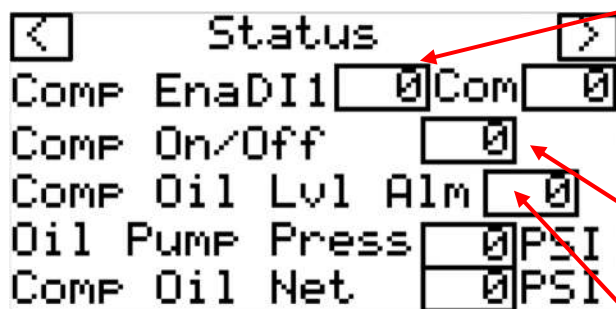
Page 1

High Pressure (Discharge Pressure), **Low Pressure** (Suction Pressure), **Discharge Temperature**, **Suction Temperature**, **SST** (Saturated Suction Temperature), **Compressor Superheat**



Page 2

Compressor Enable status (**Digital Input** or **Communication Enable over Modbus**), **Compressor On/Off** state, **Compressor Oil level Alarm** state, **Compressor Oil Pump Pressure** (status to read 0 if Oil Pump Bypass is set to 1), **Compressor Oil Net Pressure**.



Communication Enable, used over Modbus protocol RS-485. This is only used when a Compressor Management Device is present. See **Sensori Compressor Management (section 1)** for further details.

Compressor Physical Digital Output 1 (DO1) – See wiring schematic.

Compressor Oil Level Alarm Shows value of Physical Digital Input 2. (DI2)- See wiring schematic.

Page 3

Outdoor Air Temperature (Only shows value when Low Pressure Bypass is enabled or through communication of Sensori Management, see below "*Setpoints*"), **Low Pressure Bypass Current Setpoint** (This value changes depending on ambient temperature), **Low Pressure Bypass Count**.

The screenshot shows a menu titled "Status" with navigation arrows on the left and right. The menu items are:

- OAT: 0.0 F
- LP Byp SetPnt: 0 PSI
- LP Byp Cnt: 0 s

See Below "*Setpoints*" For description of how LP Bypass works.

Page 4

Variable Frequency Drive Percentage. This is only used when a Compressor Management Device is present. See *Sensori Compressor Management (section 1)* for further details.

The screenshot shows a menu titled "Status" with navigation arrows on the left and right. The menu item is:

- Vfd Percent: 0

SETPOINTS

The screenshot shows a menu titled "Setpoints" with navigation arrows on the left and right. The menu items are:

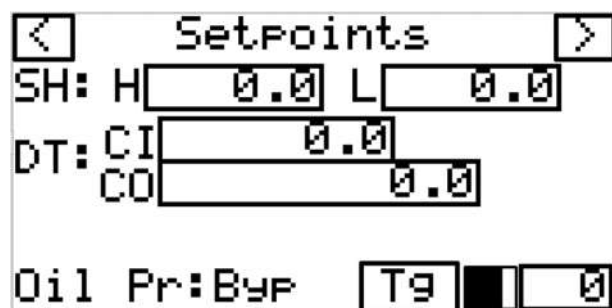
- Ref Type: 0
- LP:CI: 0
- LP:CO: 0
- HP:CI: 0
- HP:CO: 0

LP: Cut In, Cut out – Set low pressure cut out setting at which the compressor must shut off for a low side safety. Select the cut in for what the pressure must build to, before the compressor switches back on after the set delays) **DEFAULT: CUT IN=20PSI, CUT OUT=5PSI**

HP: Cut in, Cut out – Set the **High Pressure cut out** setting at which the compressor must shut off for a high side safety. The cut in value must be set at which the compressor will be able to be reset at. Set this value where the compressor can be reset by a technician. If in a state of “Trip”, the high side pressure must be below the cut in value to be manually reset in “Alarms”. **DEFAULT: CUT IN=250PSI, CUT OUT=375PSI**

Refrigerant Type – Select which refrigerant is being used 1-24. 255 is Custom(R515B). **Default=2(R404a)**

0 = R22	13 = R448A
1 = R134a	14 = R427A
2 = R404A	15 = R450(N13)
3 = R407C	16 = R513A
4 = R410A	17 = R449A
5 = R407A	18 = R1234yf
6 = R407F	19 = R454B
7 = R290	20 = R454C
8 = R507A	21 = R455A
9 = R717	22 = R434A
10 = R723	23 = R442A
11 = R1234ze	24 = R32
12 = R744	255 = R515B



Suction SH: High, Low – Range 0-50F. **Superheat High** is the value at which you want to protect the compressor from overheating. Overheating the compressor occurs above 20F and RE and efficiency is lost. **Superheat Low** must be set to protect the compressor from flood back. AN INITIAL DELAY IF HIGH SUPERHEAT OR LOW SUPERHEAT, IS 60 SECONDS BEFORE IT LISTENS TO THE SETTABLE HIGH AND LOW SUPERHEAT DELAYS. **DEFAULT: HIGH=30F, LOW=0F**

DT: Cut in, Cut out – Discharge Temperature **Cut out** must be set at which the compressor will shut down if too hot. Exceeding 225F discharge temperature can result in carbonation and oil breakdown. Set the **Cut in** value at which the compressor must be cooled down to before the compressor will be able to start, after the manual reset. **DEFAULT: CUT IN=150F, CUT OUT=200F**

Oil Pressure Bypass – Set this value to **0** using “toggle” if an oil pump is present. **Default=1** (No Oil Pump present)

SetPoints	
Oil Press Dly	0s
SH High Dly	0s
SH Low Dly	0s
Oil Lvl Al Dly	0s
Comp On Dly	0s

Oil Pressure Delay – Set this value only if “Oil Pressure Bypass” is set to **0**. This will be an oil net pressure delay. When the compressor is initially on, this will be set to a time at which it will count before the compressor alarms, if the net pressure does not exceed 10psi. On initial compressor start (*DI1=TRUE*), The value will count regardless of the net pressure. After the time has expired at any given point, if the net pressure is <10PSI, the compressor will trip an alarm immediately. This must be manually reset. Value set in seconds. **DEFAULT=90 seconds**

Superheat High and Low Delay – Delay that must expire after the “Superheat high” or “Superheat Low” has been reached, before an alarm is triggered, and compressor will switch to off. AN INITIAL DELAY IF HIGH SUPERHEAT OR LOW SUPERHEAT, IS 60 SECONDS BEFORE IT LISTENS TO THE SETTABLE HIGH AND LOW SUPERHEAT DELAYS. Value set in seconds. **DEFAULT=600 seconds HIGH, 300 seconds LOW**

Oil Level Alarm Delay – Delay that must expire after the oil level alarm input is true, before an alarm is triggered, and compressor will switch to off. When using Emerson’s OMB Electronic Oil Level Managing System, be sure to set this delay long enough to allow the OMB to reset and not lockout Sensori. *See below for Emerson’s LED Codes and Alarm Delays on OMB.* Value set in seconds. **DEFAULT=300 seconds**

LED Codes When Lit:

Green – 24 VAC power is supplied to OMB.

Yellow – Float sensor determined that the oil level has been below ½ sight glass for over 10 seconds. Fill solenoid has been activated.

Red (continually lit) – Oil level has remained below ½ sight glass for over two minutes after fill solenoid has been activated. Alarm has been activated and compressor is prevented from operating until oil level reaches ½ sight glass when alarm automatically resets.

Red (flashing) – There have been five auto reset alarms registered within a 30 minute period. Alarm circuit is now locked on and compressor locked off. Fill solenoid is de-energized. Alarm remains locked in until 24 VAC power lead is manually unplugged and again plugged back into device.

Compressor on Delay – Delay set to stage compressors (if more than one) in an event of a power cycle, or simply to add a compressor delay when called to be enabled. Value set in seconds.

NOTE: When the compressor on delay is set, the oil level alarm, and delay and oil pressure alarm delay must be compensated for(Ex. If a 90 second delay for oil pressure is needed, and a 5 second compressor on delay is set, the oil pressure must be set to 95 seconds.) It is recommended to only use this delay when multiple compressors are used to prevent big inrush on a power cycle. (Example. Rack systems, Tandem Chillers, Etc.) **DEFAULT=0 seconds**

Setpoints	
LP ShrtCycl Dly	0s
LP Lockout Ena	0
LP Lkout Time	0min
LP Lkout Cnt	0

LP Short Cycle Delay - Delay at which the compressor will be off for, after the “cut in” value was reached. Set this value to avoid compressor start/stops on a low pressure alarm. Value set in seconds. **DEFAULT=180 seconds**

LP Lockout Ena – Set value of “1” if enabling this function. Low Pressure Lockout requires a manual reset to happen when this function is enabled when a compressor trips the “LP Lockout Count” times within the “LP Lockout Time” value set.

LP Lockout Time – Set The time allotted for a low pressure Lockout instance based on the count.

LP Lockout Count – Amount of times allowed for a trip instance before a full lockout exists.

Example: “LP Lockout Ena” = 1
 “LP Lkout Time” = 60min
 “LP Lkout Cnt” = 3

Compressor Trips on low pressure (1 count). After 5 min the pressure builds in system to make the cut in setpoint and starts to time LP ShrtCycl Dly. The 3 min expires, and it tries to run, however trips again (2 count). Pressure builds after 5 min to make the cut in setpoint. System attempts to run for a third time (3 counts), and it trips low pressure again. It has now tripped 3 counts within 60 minutes and the system is off waiting for a manual reset to happen.

NOTE: When using OLPP system and connected to the HMI using SCADA, enabling this function will NOT email a low pressure alarm unless it is in lockout state.

Setpoints		Setpoints	
Offsets:		Offsets:	
Disch Temp	0	Outdoor Temp	0
Suction Temp	0	Scale: AI3 L	0H 0
Disch Press	0	(PSI) AI4 L	0H 0
Suction Press	0	AI5 L	0H 0
Oil Pump Press	0		

Offsets - Discharge Temperature, Suction Temperature, Discharge Pressure, Suction Pressure, Oil Pump Pressure, Outdoor Temperature.

Temperature offsets are to the decimal. Ex. For every 10, we change our temperature, 1F. Pressure offsets are 1 to 1.

Scale - Scaling for pressure transducers analog input 3,4,5. *Must be a 4-20mA Pressure sensor.* Set scaling in PSI.

Setpoints	Setpoints (Scale)
Scale:	A01:Dis X1 <input type="text"/> 0 X2 <input type="text"/> 0
Suct Press (A02)	Press Y1 <input type="text"/> 0 Y2 <input type="text"/> 0
X1 <input type="text"/> 0 X2 <input type="text"/> 0	A02:Suc X1 <input type="text"/> 0 X2 <input type="text"/> 0
Y1 <input type="text"/> 0 Y2 <input type="text"/> 0	Press Y1 <input type="text"/> 0 Y2 <input type="text"/> 0

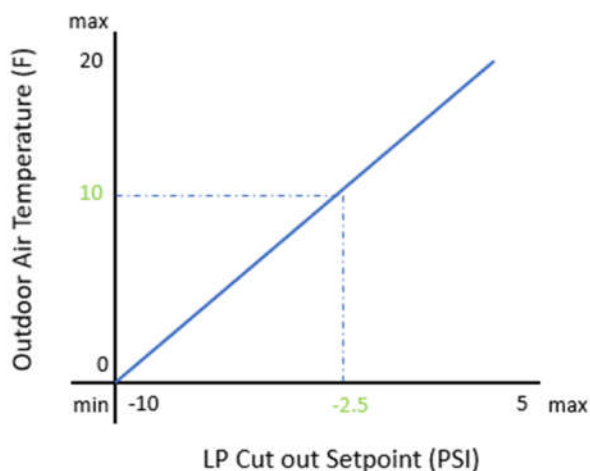
Scale - Scaling for Analog Output 1 and 2 for Discharge / Suction Pressure Out. 0-5vdc output only. Set "X" as Pressure scaling in REAL value. Set "Y" as voltage scaling in integer format (ex. 500 = 5vdc)

***A01** is preconfigured for a 0-10vdc output when using Compressor Safety for Modbus to Oxford LPP Sensori Management to control Compressor Speed 0-100%. This AO1 Scaling cannot be changed on Sensori Compressor Safety, ONLY for Compressor Safety with VEV!

LP Bypass - Use this function if problems occur in winter for initial starts. Set "**LP Byp Ena**" to value of **1** if using this function, and a value of **0** if using only the low pressure cut out setpoint that was set previous. This function is used mostly with low pressure refrigerants such as R513a, to offset the low pressure cut out. This function uses a linear graph to offset the cut out value depending on the outdoor air

LP Bypass	
LP Byp Ena	<input type="text"/> 0
Cutout min	<input type="text"/> 0 PSI
Cutout max	<input type="text"/> 0 PSI
OAT min	<input type="text"/> 0.0 F
OAT max	<input type="text"/> 0.0 F Delay
	<input type="text"/> 0 s

temperature min and max set. Set your "**Cut out min**" and "**Cut out max**" as a linear scaling reference setpoint. Set the "**Delay**" in seconds for how long the cut out value will be present for during initial start up. See below graph for example. **Default Values:** LP Byp Ena=0, Cutout min=-10PSI, cutout max= 5PSI, OAT min=0F, OAT max=20F, Delay=60 seconds



At an ambient temperature of 10 F, the new LP cut out will be -2.5 PSI for x time.

Serial-RS485-1

(Comp Mgmt Only)

Address

BaudRt

Parity

Comm Ena

Serial Communication- RS485 – Set “Comm Ena” to value of **1** when using this device with the Sensori Compressor Management, otherwise keep value to **0** or an alarm will occur. Set address to the number the compressor will be. *Example, compressor 1= address 1, compressor 2= address 2, etc.* **DO NOT CHANGE BAUDRATE AND PARITY SETTINGS! KEEP BOTH VALUES AT 2.**

Baudrate=38400, Parity = Even.

ALARMS

O.E.S

Status ☐

Setpoints ☐

☒ Alarms ☐

Ext. Info ☐

Rtc ☐ ☐ ☐

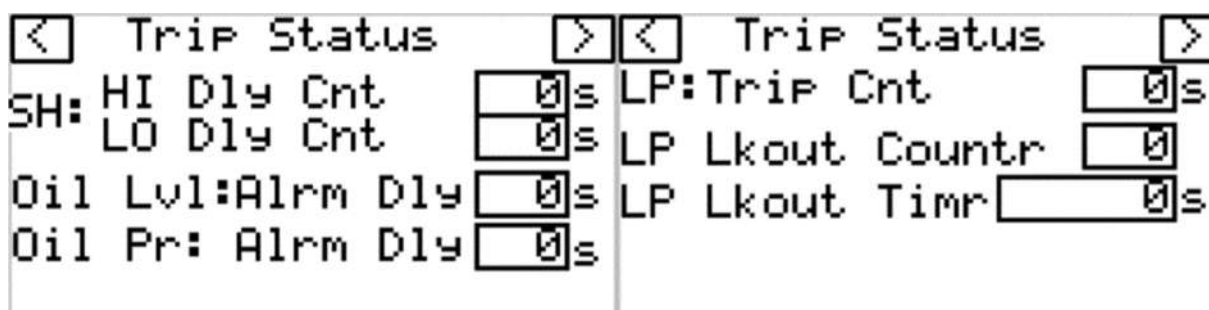
SENSORI 1

Indication of an alarm present!



All **Manual Resets** located on first screen. **High Pressure, Discharge Temperature, Oil Pressure, Superheat High** and **Low**. These resets indicate beside “toggle” an indication of a trip status using the true value of 1. 0 indicates no alarm present. *The toggle will also be highlighted black in a state of alarm.*

Low pressure, and **oil level alarm** status is shown the same as mentioned above, however no “toggle” manual reset is required. Low pressure is always auto reset with settable individual time delay. See next screen to see state of delay for reset count. THE OIL LEVEL ALARM INPUT MUST BE FALSE TO RESTART THE COMPRESSOR WHEN A LOCKOUT HAS OCCURRED. When using Emerson’s OMB Electronic Oil Level Managing System, simply unplug the power connector to the device and plug it back.



SH(Superheat) High and Low delay Count – Delay Count, that was set in Setpoints, before we trip an alarm. If SH High or Low value is reached, this time must expire before we alarm and wait for manual reset.

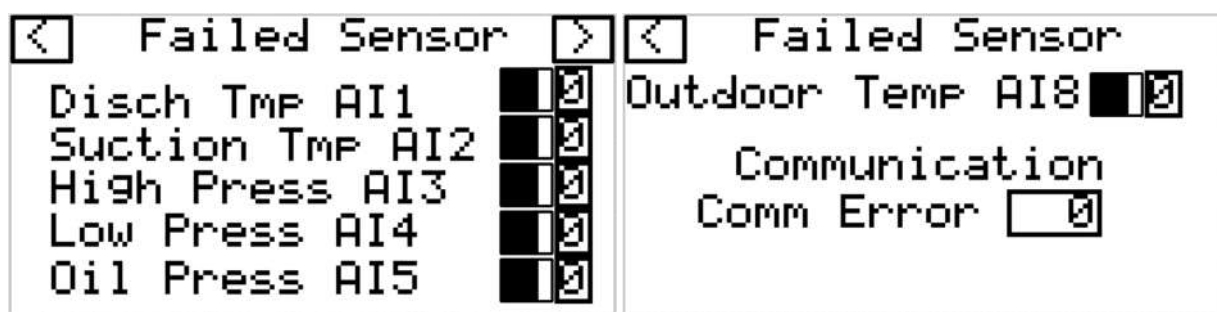
Oil Level Alarm Delay – Delay Count, that was set in Setpoints, before we trip an alarm. When this input is true, the count must expire before we lockout and alarm. This is reset only by resetting the alarm at the oil level device.

Oil Pressure Alarm Delay – Delay Count before we trip an alarm, if the oil net pressure is not greater than 10psig for the settable time limit that was set in Setpoints.

LP Trip Count- Counting of the low pressure short cycle delay, that was set in Setpoints, before the compressor will restart after the expired time.

LP Lockout Counter – Number of Counts recorded within the LP Lockout time set, when a low pressure trip occurs. Only Displayed if “Low Pressure Lockout Ena” = 1.

LP Lockout Timer – Time count in seconds. If Low Pressure Lockout is enabled and a trip occurs, this variable will begin to count until the setpoint time expires OR reaches total number of trip counts allowed.



Displays/Indicates a **Failed Sensor** and which analog input it is. If oil pressure is not present and no sensor is installed, the value will remain to **0**, and no alarm will be present. If Low Pressure Bypass function is not used, this value will also remain **0** with no sensor installed.

If a **Comm Error** occurs, check wiring of both the Sensori Safety and Management controls. It is important to install the **120-ohm resistors** where properly indicated. *See wiring schematics.*

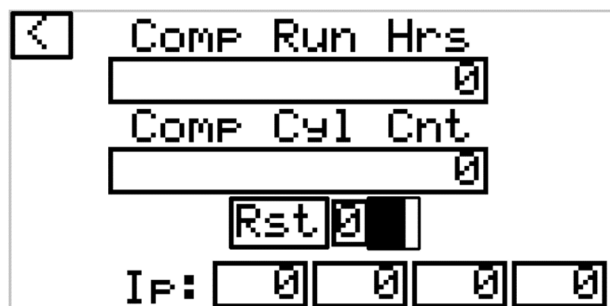
EXTENDED INFORMATION

IP Address can be changed. **This address is default by 192.168.2.173**

Compressor Running Hours Clock

Compressor Cycle Rate Counter Note: Clock and Counter are based on Comp Output with no alarm.

Reset- Resets both Compressor Running Hours Clock and Compressor Cycle Rate Counter



Parameter USB Backup and Restore- Insert USB and select **"To"** to backup all EEprom parameters/Setpoints in Sensori PLC. Recommended to leave copy on site with PLC in case of future problems. To Restore Setpoints into a new PLC, simply insert USB with backup file and select **"Frm"** USB to input USB EEprom files.

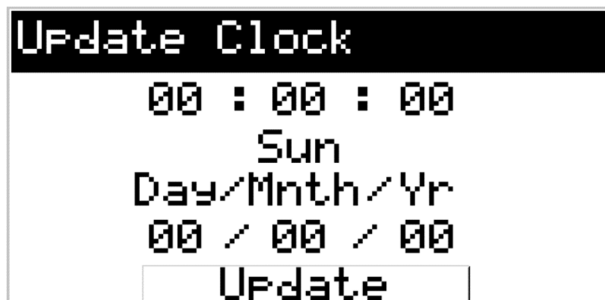
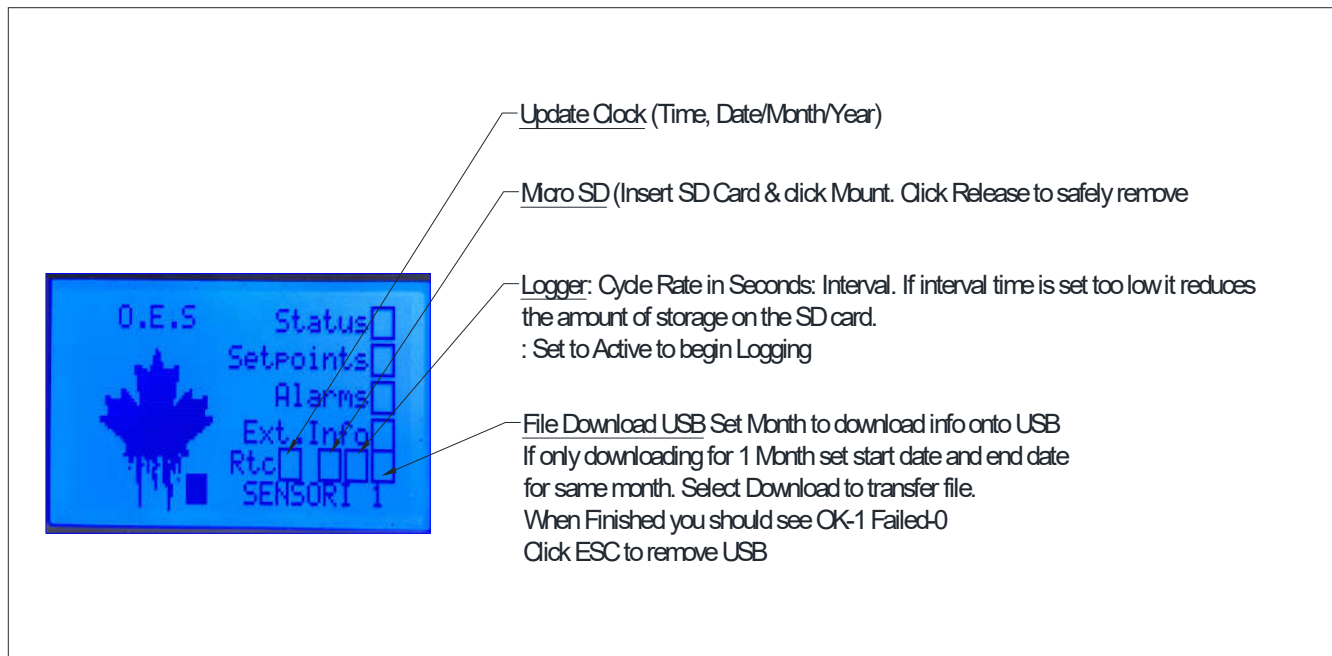


Data Log

To start Data logging a micro-USB must be inserted, and “**Mount**” must be selected on the “**Micro SD**” page indicated below. Use USB to pull select info by the month.

****SAFELY REMOVE SD TO PULL ALL DATA. (CAN LOSE ALL DATA IF SD CARD NOT REMOVED SAFELY)**

When LED blinks yellow, it pulls info for logging from interval set, open info in Excel file, data can be converted into graph.



Updating the RTC is important when pulling data from the device. This will make it easy to trace a specific time and date at which an error has occurred in the system.

```

Logger:
Cycle:      0 sec
Log:        Not Active

```

Set “**Log**” to active to start trending the below data every x seconds set in the “**Cycle**”.

THE DATA WILL AUTOMATICALLY BE OVERWRITTEN EVERY 365 DAYS!

When viewing data in Excel, below are the column references.

AI1 - Disch Temp	AI7 - Oil Net Press
AI2 - Disch Press	AI8 - Low Press Alarm
AI3 - Suction Press	AI9 - Comp Run Hrs
AI4 - Oil Press	AI10 - Comp Cycle Rate
AI5 - Oil Level Alarm	AI11 - Comp Enable
AI6 - Comp Suct SH	AI12 - Suction Temp

```

File Download USB
Start Date: [0] / [0]
End Date:   [0] / [0]
Download    month/year

```

```

Saving...
[Progress Bar]
Ok         0
Failed     0 Esc

```

Select the **start** and **end date** at which you want to pull the above data to a USB. Set the same start and end date to pull data for that month. **OK = 1** means the data was successfully transferred to the USB.

For Website

Website > IP Address> Password

User is **administrator**

Login **password**

Password for Pages **19**

TO ACCESS FROM PHONE- use Schneider Wifi Dongle, Password is on back beside battery.

NOTE: If you encounter problems you may need to clear Browser History.

SENSORI CONTROL WITH VEV DRIVER

STATUS

UEU1 Reads	
Probe Temp	0.0
Saturation	0.0
Superheat	0.0
Ref Press	0.0
Valve %	0.0

Probe temp = Temperature probe located on suction line at outlet of evaporator as installed by contractor

Saturation = The SST of the selected refrigerant based on its current pressure

Superheat = The calculated superheat in real time

Ref Press = The pressure of the suction line where the suction line transducer was installed by contractor

Valve % = EXV valve operating % in real time.

UEU Reads	
Regulation Status	0
OAT ESMSE	0F
SH Shift SP	0.0F
Ulv Shift SP	0.0%
Close Pulse Active	0

Indicates the current **Regulation Status**:

- 0= OFF
- 1=SH
- 2= MOP
- 3=CONTINUOUS MODULATION
- 4=EXTERNAL LIMITATION
- 5=START
- 6=STOP
- 7=DEFROST
- 8=MANUAL
- 9=ALARM

OAT ESMSE (Only Available on Sensori Case Management 18IO) – Outdoor Air temperature sent over TCP/IP through Sensori OLPP HMI Scada System. This Outdoor Temperature is generated from “Sensori Main Management” and sent to all Sensori Case Management controllers through Scada when enabled.

SH Shift SP – Superheat Setpoint Shift based on Outdoor Temperature used in a linear scale, for setting superheat setpoint to improve Case efficiency and minimize compressor superheat. As Outdoor temperature increases, superheat setpoint will decrease. See Setpoints for more details.

Vlv Shift SP – Electronic Valve Max open Shift Setpoint. Max open setpoint of valve when “Vlv Shift” is enabled. This is used to prevent Electronic Valve from opening to far during cooling and causing flooding due to “Lazy” coils and possible slow reaction time of valve. Max valve should always be set on cases as a safety, in case of sensor fails, to prevent cases from flooding. See setpoints for more details.

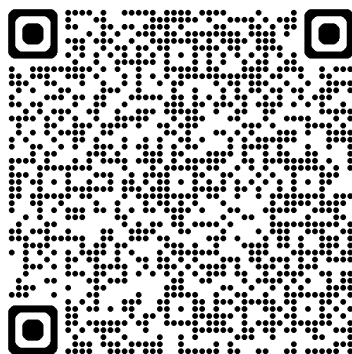
Close Pulse Active – Valve Closing pulse active will indicate “1” when valve goes to close to ensure no step loss after valve has been running for x time set in setpoints only when this feature is enabled. See Setpoints for more details.

SETPOINTS

See Schneider’s Manual (Modicon M172 Electronic Expansion Valve Driver) for more information and selection of setpoints.

https://download.schneider-electric.com/files?p_enDocType=User+guide&p_File_Name=M172-EEV-Driver-User-Guide-EN-EIO0000004034-02.pdf&p_Doc_Ref=EIO0000004034

Or Scan **QR Code** Below



*Certain Parameters must require a power cycle/**Modification Reset** to the device for change to take effect and save. Refer to Schneider’s Manual to see list of parameters that need to be reset.

Setpoints	
Superheat SP	0.0F
SH Ddbnd	0.0F
Max Vlv Open	0.0%
Parameters	
Scale	dE Ext Shift

Set **Superheat Setpoint** for Electronic valve to modulate at.

Note: when Superheat Setpoint Shift is enabled, the actual superheat setpoint the valve will be listening to will change based on ambient and shift conditions. Please be aware of external parameters that will affect valve modulation, such as continuous modulation, superheat and valve shift, and dynamical setpoints.

Superheat Regulation Deadband/DeadZone. The dead zone is applied to the P and D component of the PID output, not to the integral one, to obtain better results in the SH control.

Once a system has been running for some time, it is always best to set **Max Valve Open** to the desired modulation max range. Setting this to an appropriate max scale will not allow the valve to open to far and cause flooding, due to large valve capacity ranges, PID response times, and evaporator coil design. This also acts as a safety feature if a failed sensor has occurred, giving false superheat readings. Warmer ambient conditions will affect this value, due to less subcooling/liquid quality performance, and may need to be adjusted accordingly.

Scale

Pressure Scaling	
AI11 Scx1	0
AI11 Scx2	0
AI11 ScY1 (Psi)	0.0
AI11 ScY2 (Psi)	0.0
AI11 Offst	0.0

The default x values are set at 0 (X1) – 1000(X2) and y values are set at psi range of suction pressure transducer. This wide range of values gives more system accuracy for fine tuning the suction pressure transducer, as well as using an **Offset** if needed.

AI SCALING: Scaling is only for a 4-20mA sensor!

Parameters dE and Advanced

Parameters (dE)			
Ref	Typ	dE05	0
dE00	0	dE06	0
dE01	0	dE07	0
dE02	0	dE08	0
dE03	0	dE09	0
dE04	0	dE80	0

Refrigerant Type

Refrigerant	RefTyp Selection
R22	0
R134a	1
R404A	2
R407C	3
R410A	4
R407A	5
R407F	6
R290	7
R507A	8
R717	9
R723	10
R1234ze	11
R744	12
R448A	13
R427A	14
R450 (N13)	15
R513A	16
R449A	17
R1234yf	18
R454B	19
R454C	20
R455A	21
R434A	22
R442A	23
R32	24
R452B	25
R452A	26
R515b	255

Customizable Bipolar Valve Configuration Parameters - Valve parameters if $dE00 = 0$

Parameters (dE)				Parameters (n)			
dE00	0	dE05	0	n10	0	n17	0
dE01	0	dE06	0	n11	0	n26	0
dE02	0	dE07	0	n12	0	n27	0
dE03	0	dE08	0	n13	0	n28	0.0
dE04	0	dE09	0	n14	0	n29	0
		dE80	0	n15	0	n36	0

Alco EX4-8 and Danfoss Colibri Expansion Valve ETS12C – ETS100C has been fully tested with the Sensori platform. *See Modicon M172 Driver Manual for other valve types and settings.* Other valve types have not been tested by Oxford Sensori Platform.

dE00≠0 (unused dE00 values are reserved): The Preconfigure Values will be used. See Table Listed below (next page).

NOTE: Valves may need additional settings depending on wire length, power supply, or erratic valve response time PID to avoid step loss and proper closure. For Additional settings see “*VEV Post Control*” setpoints, valve current settings (dE03, dE04 can only be adjusted when dE00=0), current *Boost Mode* (n27-n29), and Max Variation Out.

LABEL	Parker-Sporlan				Emerson-ALCO			Danfoss			
	SER	SERI	SERI	SEHI	EX			ETS			
	AA, B, C, D	F, G, J, K	L	175, 400	4, 5, 6	7 "	8	12.5, 25, 50	100	250, 400	12C, 24C, 50C, 100C
dE00	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
dE01	200				500	210	500	300			240
dE02	2500			6386	750	1600	2600	2625	3530	3810	600
dE03	0				100			263	353	160	6
dE04	90	150		120	500	750	800	100			800
dE05	100			75	13	8	6	52			10
dE06	0				100	250	500	100			0
dE07	0										2
dE08	100										
dE09	0		50	0							
dE80	0		10	0							
n10	25				0						
n11	100				0						
n12...n15	0										
n16	1										
n17	0										
n18	0				1						
n19	3072										
n20	256										
n21	50										

LABEL	ADDRESS Valve 1	ADDRESS Valve 2	DATA TYPE	R/W	CPL	RESET	DESCRIPTION	RANGE	DEFAULT	U.M.
dE01	15801	16001	UINT	R/W	-	-	Maximum speed. Defines the maximum valve motor speed to allow step precision and integrity.	0...999	200	Steps/s
dE02	15802	16002	UINT	R/W	-	-	Full opening. Defines the maximum number of valve steps. The total travel refers to the FULL STEP mode (dE07=0). The valve opening is complete when this value is reached.	0...9990	2500	Steps
dE03	15803	16003	UINT	R/W	-	-	Extra movement in full closure. Defines the number of extra valve steps beyond the limit switch to allow a correct total closure. A total closure command implies the valve positioned to zero and a further number of steps dE03.	0...999	0	Steps
dE04	15804	16004	INT	R/W	-1	-	Winding maximum current. Defines the maximum current per phase utilized by the valve (maximum torque). Negative current value: the maximum current is set to the value with no sign (absolute) dE04 with an extra 50% with the valve movement command (starting or end point) within 5% of total opening, to a value equal to the absolute value of dE04 for the other movements.	-560 ... 850	90	mA
dE05	15805	16005	UINT	R	-	-	Reserved	0...999	100	Ohm
dE06	15806	16006	UINT	R/W	-	-	Winding holding current. Defines the phase circulating current in the valve stop condition (minimum torque).	0...850	0	mA
dE07	15807	16007	UINT	R/W	-	-	Type of stepper motor control. Defines the driving modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: FULL STEP 1: HALF STEP 2: MICRO STEP For more details, refer to the technical documentation of the electronic valve.	0...2	0	Num
dE08	15808	16008	UINT	R/W	-	-	Duty cycle. In the case of valve superheat, reduce the enabling duty cycle to allow it to cool down.	0...100	100	%
dE09	15809	16009	UINT	R/W	-	-	Acceleration/deceleration Defines the acceleration/deceleration in motor start/stop. The time between one step and the next is reduced by dE09 at each step until dE07 is reached. If dE09 = 0 acceleration is not applied.	0...999	0	ms/10
dE09	15810	16010	UINT	R/W	-	-	Minimum motor speed for acceleration/ deceleration To be modified only if dE09 > 0	0...999	0	Steps/s
n10	15811	16011	UINT	R/W	-	-	Pause time.	0...999	25	ms
n11	15812	16012	UINT	R/W	-	-	Extra movement in full closure every n11 hours working.	0...9990	100	Steps
n12	15813	16013	UINT	R/W	-	-	Change direction counter limit.	0...9990	0	Num

LABEL	ADDRESS Valve 1	ADDRESS Valve 2	DATA TYPE	R/W	CPL	RESET	DESCRIPTION	RANGE	DEFAULT	U.M.
n13	15814	16014	UINT	R/W	-	-	Extra movement in full opening. Related to bit 7 of Diagnostic Parameters, page 64.	0...9990	0	Steps
n14	15815	16015	UINT	R/W	-	-	Duty cycle period of activation/deactivation.	0...9990	0	s/10
n15	15816	16016	UINT	R/W	-	-	Period of periodical synchronization. • 0 = Function is disabled	0...9990	0	Hours
n16	15817	16017	UINT	R	-	-	Unipolar/Bipolar valve selection. • 1 = Bipolar • 2 = Unipolar	1...2	1	Num
n17	15818	16018	UINT	R/W	-	-	Maximum speed in emergency closing. If set at 0, referred value is ± 0.1	0...999	0	Steps/s
n18	15819	16019	UINT	R	-	-	Reserved	0...1	0	Num
n19	15820	16020	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...4095	3072	Num
n20	15821	16021	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...2047	256	Num
n21	15822	16022	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...512	50	Num
n22	15823	16023	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...512	288	Num
n23	15824	16024	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...2047	1296	Num
n24	15825	16025	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...4095	2562	Num
n25	15826	16026	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...4095	240	Num
n26	15827	16027	UINT	R/W	-	-	Periodical override mode: • 0=after n15 period with Open_at_wr = 0 • 1=after n15 period)	0...1	0	Flag
n27	15828	16028	UINT	R/W	-	-	Winding maximum current during boosting phase.	0...850	0	mA
n28	15829	16029	UINT	R/W	-	-	Boosting windows.	0...1000	0	%
n29	15830	16030	UINT	R/W	-	-	Boosting mode: • 0=no • 1=open • 2=close • 3=both	0...3	0	Num
n30	15831	16031	UINT	R/W	-	-	Emergency Opening percentage.	0...1000	0	%
n31	15832	16032	UINT	R/W	-	-	Behaviour on power fail: • 0 = no action, an alarm is generated Refer to bit 9 of Diagnostic Parameters, page 64 • 1 = close	0...1	1	Num
n32	15833	16033	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...4	0	Num
n33	15834	16034	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...4	0	Num
n34	15835	16035	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...4	0	Num
n35	15836	16036	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0...4	0	Num
n36	15837	-	UINT	R/W	-	-	Number of Battery Backup modules. NOTE: Parameter value for valve 2 is not used. NOTE: This parameter is overwritten by <i>i_usl_batterynr</i> . This is a parameter of the driver, not of the valve. Input of the FB settings is preponderant respect to parameter value.	0...2	0	Num
n37	15838	16038	UINT	R/W	-	-	Valve energization time at startup.	0...65535	25	ms

LABEL	ADDRESS Valve 1	ADDRESS Valve 2	DATA TYPE	R/W	CPL	RESET	DESCRIPTION	RANGE	DEFAULT	U.M.
n38	15839	16039	UINT	R/W	-	-	Valve energization time at stop.	0... 65535	25	ms
n39	15840	16040	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0... 65535	0	Num
n40	15841	16041	UINT	R/W	-	-	Reserved	0... 65535	0	Num

☐ Parameters (Adv) ☐

UnitTyp

DdZnMin

DdZnMax

MaxVar

StrtUpVal

TimeOnSt

Unit Type - Type of unit to be controlled. If Unit Type = 0, parameters **Superheat PID**, **Enable SH Evo**, **Superheat Deadband/DeadZone**, **MOP PID**, **Enable Dyn SP**, **Dyn Sp MxOf**, **SP Inc Step**, **SP Inc Time**, are used as input for regulation.

If uUnit type is different from 0 (Default 5), those parameters are automatically set (the used values are available on output) to cope with different type of unit or machine that can be found in HVAC or refrigeration:

E2_usiUnitType	Description of Unit
1	Ducted refrigeration unit and evaporation pressure quickly variable (for example step control)
2	Ducted refrigeration unit and evaporation pressure controlled (for example INVERTER control)
3	Refrigeration unit with on-board compressor
4	Refrigeration unit with on-board compressor and regenerative heat exchanger
5 Default	HVAC unit with plate heat exchanger (slow reaction)
6	HVAC unit with shell and tube heat exchanger (medium reaction)
7	HVAC unit with finned coil heat exchanger (moderately fast reaction)
8	HVAC unit with variable cooling capacity (fast reaction)
9	Perturbed HVAC unit (very fast reaction)

Dead Zone Min Value – Dead Zone minimum opening value (0% default)

Dead Zone Max Value – Dead Zone max opening value (100% default)

Max Variation Output – To limit quick variations of open value that can create oscillations in superheat and mechanics issues, it is possible to set a maximum variation of opening degree (%) per second. This value should be arranged depending on the mechanics of the electronic valve, for example it can be set less than maximum admitted speed for the EEV. If Max Variation Out = 0, The valve output is not limited in speed.

Start up Value / Time on Start – Active for initial valve command at startup. If **Start Up Value** setpoint differs from zero, the regulator fixes the opening value to **Start Up Value** for **Time On Start** seconds.

After this time is elapsed the regulation starts from this opening value, as for the super heat, as for the MOP (if enabled). If **Start up Value** is equal to zero, the regulator fixes the opening value to the opening value recorded before the stop and stored in EEPROM into the address **Last Value**. After the **Time On Start** time is elapsed, the regulation starts.

Parameters (Adv)

OpnAlmDly	0s
Man Open	0
Ulv Opn Perc	0.0%
Superheat PID	
P	0.0
I	0
D	0

Open Alarm Delay - if **Manual Open** = FALSE and the valve stays open at maximum value for a time longer than **Open Alarm Delay** an alarm will occur. The alarm resets automatically if the output changes to a smaller value.

Manual Valve Open – Set to value of “1” to enable manual valve opening. Set **Valve Open Percent** to required open position when in manual mode.

Superheat P – Proportional band

I – Integral time constant(s)

D – Derivative time constant(s)

Parameters (MOP)

En MOP	0
MOP SP	0.0 F
HiLoadDly	0s
MOPAlmDly	0s
P	0.0
I	0
D	0

MOP (Maximum Operating Pressure):

Set the **MOP Setpoint**, the maximum saturated vapor temperature. This is the set point of the **MOP PID**. When approaching this value, the MOP regulation starts to close the valve to come back to a safety operating mode. In this case, superheat control is abandoned but closing action is kept at minimum to start again to regulate when this load situation disappears.

High Load Delay – When The valve is initially started, for a time (**High Load Delay**), MOP alarm is not monitored, and MOP control is not performed. Also, dynamic setpoint calculation is frozen if being used.

MOP Alarm Delay - If **MOP Setpoint** is passed for a longer time than **MOP Alarm Delay**, the function block puts the output to zero and the MOP alarm is triggered. This alarm is not monitored for a time (**High Load Delay**) after the initial start.

Extended Parameters

Parameters (Ext)			
ContModType	0		
ContModSP	0.0 F		
ContMod PID			
P	0.0	I	0
D	0		

Continuous Modulation: Used to control case Temperature for Sensori M172-18IO Case Management

Continuous Modulation Type enables the continuous modulation regulation and permits us to set a **cool** PID regulation. Cool regulation means that the output increases as the process variable is below the setpoint. Set to 0 = disabled, 1= cool

The **Continuous Modulation Setpoint**. When approaching this value, the continuous modulation regulation starts to close the valve in order to maintain the setpoint while abandoning the superheat control. In that case, superheat control is abandoned but closing action is kept at minimum in order to start again to regulate superheat when this setpoint is far. This permits us to use the EEV to control the air temperature, while keeping superheat as low as possible and preventing at the same time to go beyond the MOP.

Parameters (Ext)			
Ena SH Evo	0		
Ena Dyn SP	0		
Dyn SP MxOf	0.0 F		
SP Inc Step	0.0 F		
SP Inc Time	0 s		

If **SH Evolution Enable** is set to "1", the superheat control is performed with an advanced algorithm, instead of the standard PID. See *Schneider's Manual (Modicon M172 Electronic Expansion Valve Driver)* for more information.

Dynamic Setpoint:

If **Dynamic SP Enable** = 0, the super heat set point is given directly to the super heat PID. If **Dynamic SP Enable** = 1 then dynamic set point calculation is enabled and the super heat set point is calculated with the following routine.

For a time, **High Load Delay**, after the initial valve start command: Superheat Setpoint Calculation = **Superheat SP** + **Dyn Setpoint Max Offset** (Dyn SP MxOf). After that, there is a dynamic set point calculation if superheat regulator is acting (Regulation Status = Superheat) with a timing of **Setpoint Increment Time** (SP Inc Time) Step time in the dynamical set point calculation):

If Superheat value > **Superheat Setpoint**, Superheat calculation = Superheat Regulation Setpoint – **Setpoint Increment Step** (SP Inc Step).

If Superheat value < **Superheat Setpoint**, Superheat calculation = Superheat Regulation Setpoint + **Setpoint Increment Step** (SP Inc Step).

Lastly, the calculated set point is forced to stay above **Superheat Setpoint** and under **Superheat Setpoint** + **Dyn Setpoint Max Offset**.

Shift Setpoints

Superheat Shift		Max Valve Shift	
SH Shft Ena	<input type="checkbox"/>	UlvOpnShft Ena	<input type="checkbox"/>
SH Sp Min	0.0 F	Ulv Sp Min	0.0 F
SH Sp Max	0.0 F	Ulv Sp Max	0.0 F
OAT Sp Min	0 F	OAT Sp Min	0 F
OAT Sp Max	0 F	OAT Sp Max	0 F

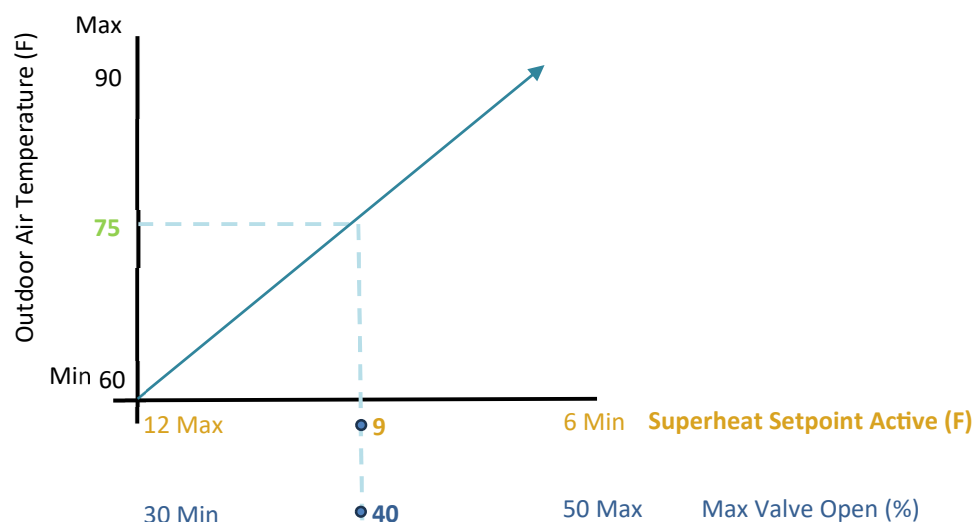
Superheat Shift:

Superheat Setpoint Shift based on Outdoor Temperature used in a linear scale, for setting superheat setpoint to improve case efficiency and minimize compressor superheat. As outdoor temperature increases, superheat setpoint will decrease.

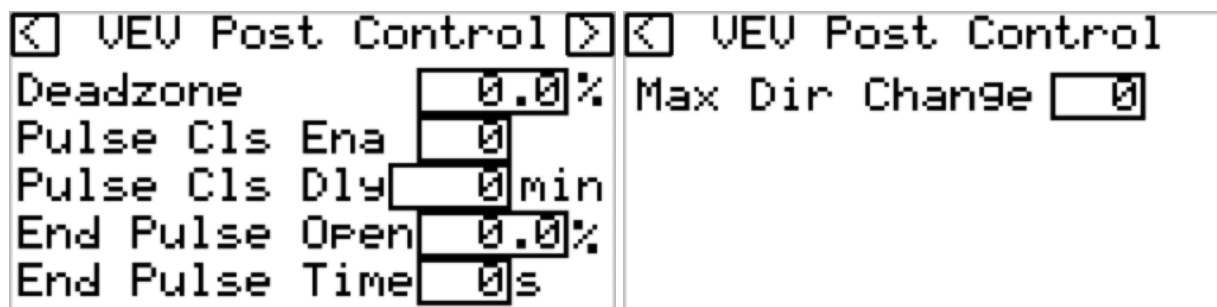
Set **Superheat Shift Enable** = 1 to enable this feature. Outdoor temperature MUST be enabled for this to work. Set the **Superheat Minimum and Maximum Setpoint** for superheat to float in a linear scale within the **Outdoor Air Temperature Min and Max Setpoint**.

Max Valve Shift:

Electronic Valve Max open Shift Setpoint. Max open setpoint of valve in a linear scale, for setting a max valve open based on Outdoor ambient when **Valve Open Shift Enable** = 1. This is used to prevent the Electronic Valve from opening to far during cooling and causing flooding due to “Lazy” coils and possible slow reaction time of valve. Max valve should always be set on cases as a safety, in case of sensor fails, to prevent cases from flooding. Set the **Valve Setpoint Min and Max** for floating max valve scale withing **Outdoor Air Temperature Min and Max Setpoint**.



On This Graph, Superheat Shift Active setpoint would be 9-degree F and Max Valve Open Shift Setpoint would be at 40%, at a 75-degree F ambient day.



Deadzone is the output Dead Zone filter before a change is made to the valve percentage. For example, if the valve Dead Zone is set to 1, no output change will be sent to the valve while modulating 20.1, 20.2, 20.3... until 21, then will be sent.

Note: This is NOT to be mixed up with Superheat Dead Zone for PID control and is only available on Post Valve Control.

When **Pulse Close Enable** = 1, the valve will do an emergency quick close to ensure no valve step loss and proper closure after **Pulse Close Delay** has expired. Set **End Pulse Open** to a percentage that the valve will open to after the valve does a full closure, to ensure the operating system will recover and not pump down, for **End Pulse Time** seconds. It is only necessary to enable Pulse Close when the valve continues to run for long periods of time and does not lose the start command, such as a chiller for a curling rink on initial ice temperature pull down.

Max Direction Change > 0 and **Dead Zone** > 1% enables an algorithm which try to balance the number of change directions in valve steps. When set to 0, this function will be disabled. A direction counter tells how unbalanced the change of direction are (example. 5 means the valve made 5 opening steps more than closing. If negative, the closing action are more than the opening).

ALARMS



Indication that an alarm is present. Follow the image to find which alarm is present.



Refer to **Modicon M172 Electronic Valve Driver Manual** for more information on alarms and diagnostics

EEVD Alarms:

Diagnostic Parameter		Alarm	TM172EVEV**			Valve Driver Action	Rearm Condition
Bit	Description		1U	1B	2B		
0	Chip does not respond	Detected error on bipolar driver chip: chip does not respond.	No	Yes	Valve stops in current position	Automatic	
1	Thermal shutdown	Detected error on bipolar driver chip: chip in fault protection	No	Yes	Moves the valve to the emergency position <i>n30</i> . Then any activity on the valve is stopped.		
2	Predriver detected error(*)						
3	Undervoltage Lockout(*)						
4	Reserved						
5	Overcurrent	Valve coil in short-circuit	Yes		Valve stops in current position	Manual: Alarm cause must be solved and a new "Activate and synchronize" command must be sent. Automatic rearm is managed by the AFB EEVDAlarmMgmt .	
6	Reserved						
7	Max number of valve direction changing (only if <i>n12</i> > 0)	Max number of valve direction changing achieved	Yes		Moves the valve to the emergency position <i>n30</i> . Then any activity on the valve is stopped.	Automatic	
8	Quantity of TM172EVEVBAT connected <> parameter <i>n36</i> value or TM172EVEVBAT exceeds charging time timeout	TM172EVEVBAT inoperable	Yes		Non-blocking alarm	Automatic	
9	Power supply outage If TM172EVEVBAT connected and charged with enough energy	Power supply not detected	Yes		Movement towards the emergency position <i>n30</i> is executed only if <i>n31</i> =1 otherwise no action is done. If <i>n17</i> =0, the value of the "maximum speed in emergency closing" is equal to dE01. If <i>n17</i> >0 the movement towards the emergency position <i>n30</i> is done using <i>n17</i> speed.	Automatic	
10	TM172EVEVBAT degraded due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">the charge is too fast	TM172EVEVBAT degraded (*)	Yes		Non-blocking alarm	Automatic	

Diagnostic Parameter		Alarm	TM172EEV**			Valve Driver Action	Rearm Condition
Bit	Description		1U	1B	2B		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> or if the last time that there has been an emergency movement followed by power fail, this has not been completed. <p>The value has persisted in EEPROM so an emergency movement must be repeated successfully to cancel it.</p>						
11	<p>Configuration error</p> <p><i>n16</i> value not compatible with TM172EEV** model.</p> <p>or:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unipolar: <i>n32</i>, <i>n33</i>, <i>n34</i>, and <i>n35</i> value combination not allowed Bipolar: <i>dE04</i><0 and at least one of <i>n27</i>, <i>n28</i>, <i>n29</i> not 0 	Configuration error	Yes			Valve stops in current position	<p>Manual: Alarm cause must be solved and a new "Activate and synchronize" command must be sent.</p> <p>Automatic rearm is managed by the AFB <i>EEVDSettingsU</i> or <i>EEVDSettingsB</i> after sending new parameter values.</p>
12	Disconnection on W1+ or W1-	Valve disconnected	Yes			Driver moves the EEV in any case. By default, the AFB <i>EEVDCntrl</i> considers this alarm as a stopping condition and try to move the valve to the "Alarm" position, where the EEV rest until the alarm disappear.	<p>Manual: The alarm is detected and/or reset only in synchronization phase. If detected, it is maintained active until the next synchronization, as the disconnection is checked again and alarm is confirmed or reset.</p> <p>Automatic rearm is managed by the AFB <i>EEVDAlarmMgmt</i> that by default is set to periodically drive a synchronization phase to check again the alarm when present.</p>
13	Disconnection on W2+ or W2-	<p>Detected only when valve is in synchronization phase.</p> <p>*See Note Below for synchronization*</p>					
14	CAN not working, communication with master lost (not readable via CAN)	<p>Loss of communication on CAN expansion bus</p> <p>Detected only after first connection with CAN master controller</p>	Yes			Moves the valve to the emergency position <i>n30</i> . Then any activity on the valve is stopped.	Automatic
15	Reserved						
(*) Contact your local support.							

Note: Valve will do an extra Synchronization on the falling edge of the start command, and valve is at 0%. When this sync is done, the valve driver will look for alarms and valve "Not Ready" will appear. A valve disconnection error will ONLY appear when this sync is being done, and the valve is unplugged. Be sure to allow for proper valve closure after some time to ensure proper step count and valve ok.

*** Make sure to disconnect power to device when valve is being changed or wired! If an error occurs. A power reset is required to clear this alarm. ***

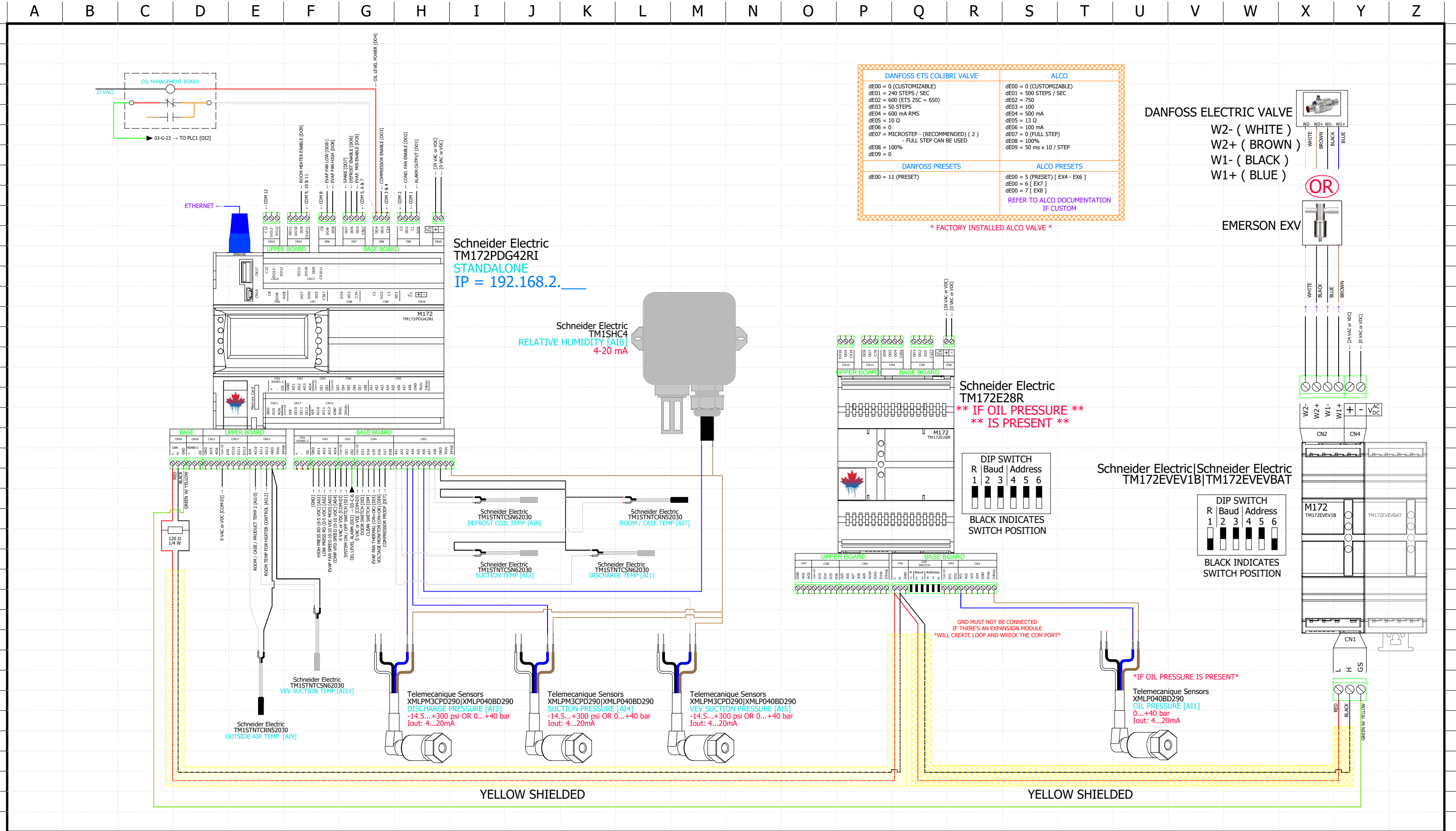
Settings Alarms:

Alarm bit	Alarm Cause	Effect
0	Communication interruption	Parameters list not sent
1	Parameters not set	Some parameters are not correctly set
2	File not found	Parameters list not loaded nor sent
3	Invalid file format: header not found	
4	Invalid file format: invalid values	
5	Invalid file format: EEV not found	
6	Invalid task	Parameters list not sent
7	Pointers to EEPROM not initialized (only if E2_uidE00=0)	Parameters list not sent (only if E2_uidE00=0), EEPROM parameter not updated
8...10	Reserved	—
11	Writing in EEPROM not possible (only if E2_uidE00=0)	EEPROM parameter not updated
12	Parameters externally modified	Event to be externally managed
13...15	Reserved	—

Control Alarms/Alerts:

Bit	Alarm condition	Effect
0	Super heat PID parameter (Pb, Ti, Td) out of range	block disabled: uiOut goes to zero
1	MOP PID parameter (Pb, Ti, Td) out of range	
2	Continuous modulation PID parameter (Pb, Ti, Td) out of range	
3	Super heat dead band	
4	E2_iSuperHeatSetp, E2_iMopSetp or iContModSetp out of range	
5	E2_uiPbAlarmValue or E2_uiExtAlarmValue or uiComAlarmValue out of range	
6	E2_uiTimeOnStart or E2_uiTimeOnStop out of range	
7	E2_uiValueOnDefrost or E2_uiValueOnStart or E2_uiValueOnStop or E2_uiExtLimitValue or E2_uiManualValue out of range	
8	Dynamical set point parameters out of range	
9	Maximum open value or maximum output variation or dead zone values out of range	
10	E2_usiUnitType or E2_usiContModType out of range	
11	Saturated temperature probe out of range	
12	MOP alarm	block disabled: uiOut goes to fixed value
13	External alarm	
14	Communication alarm	
15	Error detected on EEPROM writing or incorrect task	

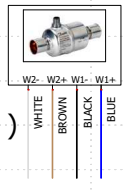
Bit	Alert condition	Effect
0	Super heat probe out of range	iOut goes to uiPbAlarmValue
1	Continuous modulation probe out of range	iOut goes to uiPbAlarmValue
2	Open alert	Alert the user of the open situation
3	E2_uiTimeOnStop changed runtime	The block runs with the old value
4	E2_uiTimeOnStart changed runtime	The block runs with the old value
5	E2_uiMopAlarmDelay changed runtime	The block runs with the old value
6	E2_uiOpenAlarmDelay changed runtime	The block runs with the old value
7	E2_uiHighLoadDelay changed runtime	The block runs with the old value
8	E2_usiUnitType changed runtime	Only alert (parameters are changed so)
9...15	Reserved	-



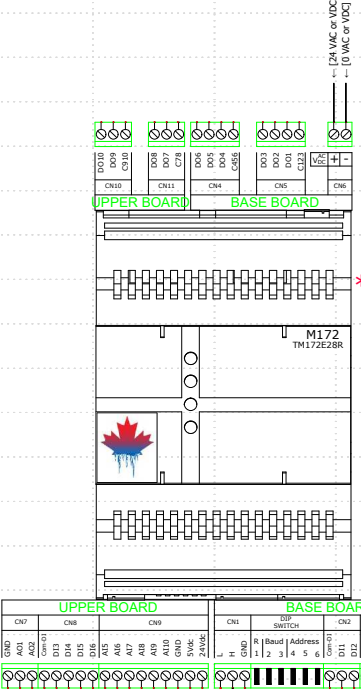
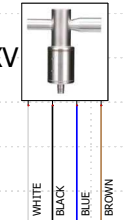
DANFOSS ETS COLIBRI VALVE	ALCO
dE00 = 0 (CUSTOMIZABLE) dE01 = 240 STEPS / SEC dE02 = 600 (ETS 25C = 650) dE03 = 50 STEPS dE04 = 600 mA RMS dE05 = 10 Ω dE06 = 0 dE07 = MICROSTEP - (RECOMMENDED) (2) - FULL STEP CAN BE USED dE08 = 100% dE09 = 0	dE00 = 0 (CUSTOMIZABLE) dE01 = 500 STEPS / SEC dE02 = 750 dE03 = 100 dE04 = 500 mA dE05 = 13 Ω dE06 = 100 mA dE07 = 0 (FULL STEP) dE08 = 100% dE09 = 50 ms x 10 / STEP
DANFOSS PRESETS	ALCO PRESETS
dE00 = 11 (PRESET)	dE00 = 5 (PRESET) [EX4 - EX6] dE00 = 6 [EX7] dE00 = 7 [EX8] REFER TO ALCO DOCUMENTATION IF CUSTOM

* FACTORY INSTALLED ALCO VALVE *

DANFOSS ELECTRIC VALVE
W2- (WHITE)
W2+ (BROWN)
W1- (BLACK)
W1+ (BLUE)



EMERSON EXV



Schneider Electric
TM172E28R
** IF OIL PRESSURE **
** IS PRESENT **

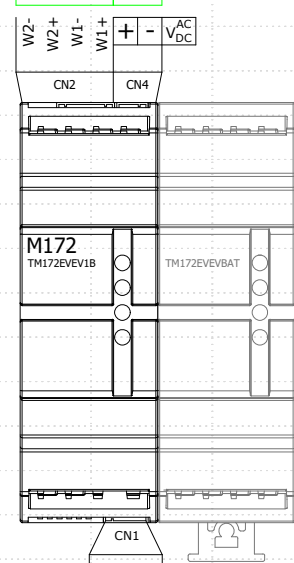
DIP SWITCH					
R	Baud	Address			
1	2	3	4	5	6

BLACK INDICATES SWITCH POSITION

Schneider Electric
TM172EVEV1B|TM172EVEVBAT

DIP SWITCH					
R	Baud	Address			
1	2	3	4	5	6

BLACK INDICATES SWITCH POSITION



GND MUST NOT BE CONNECTED
IF THERE'S AN EXPANSION MODULE
WILL CREATE LOOP AND WRECK THE COM PORT

IF OIL PRESSURE IS PRESENT

Telemecanique Sensors
XMLPM3CPD290|XMLP040BD290
OIL PRESSURE [AI1]
0...+40 bar
Iout: 4...20mA



Oxford Energy Solutions Inc.
505082 Old Stage Road
Woodstock, ON, N4S 7V8, Canada
226-242-5674

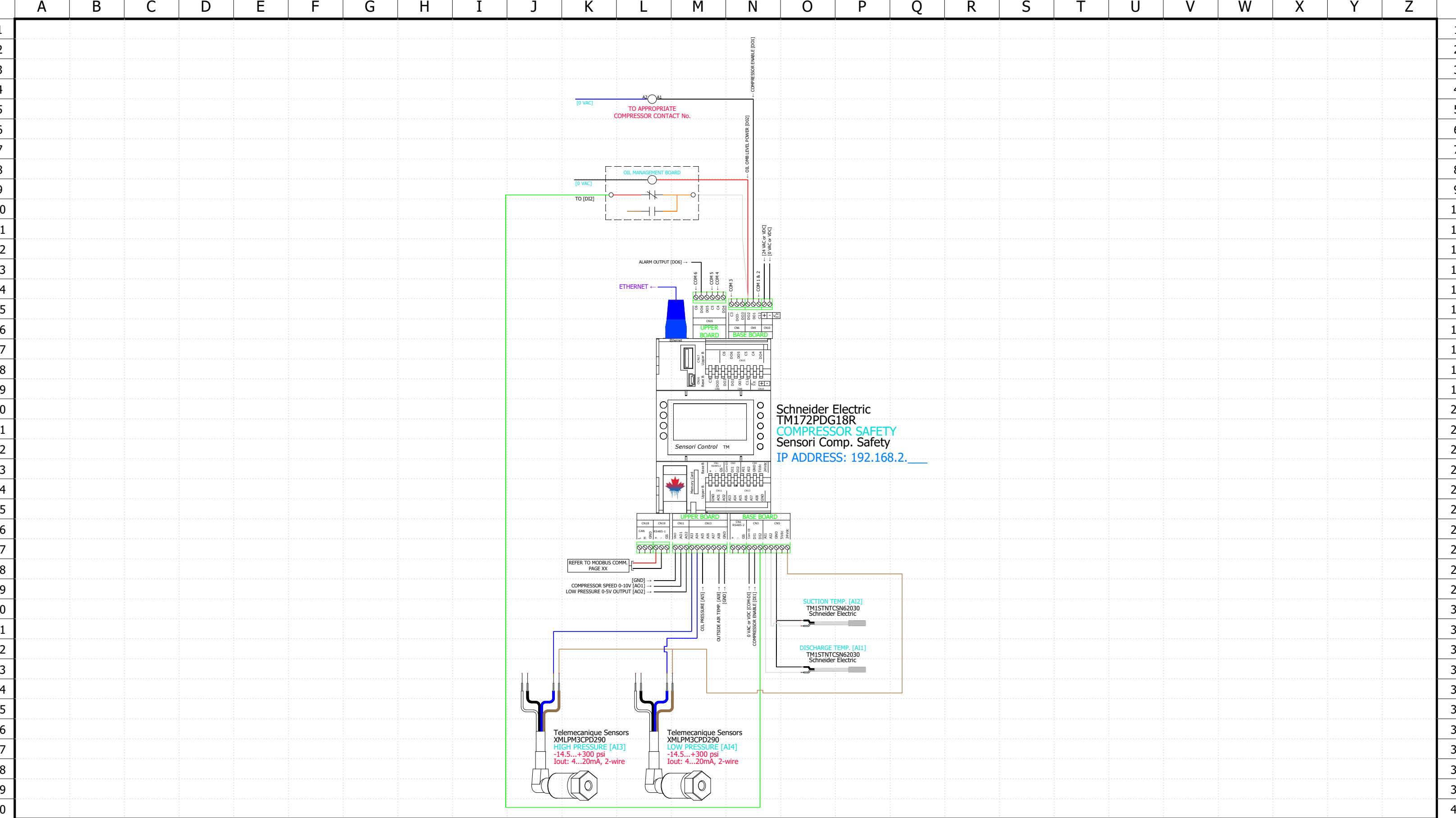
STANDALONE WIRING DIAGRAM


LOCATION: OES SENSORI DRAWINGS

REV.	DATE	NAME	CHANGES
0	2025-06-05	Michael D	INITIAL RELEASE
Drawn By Michael D			Date 2025-04-16

REVISION
0

SCHEME
03



SOLIDWORKS Electrical	 <div>Oxford Energy Solutions Inc. 505082 Old Stage Road Woodstock, ON, N4S 7V8, Canada 226-242-5674</div>							COMPRESSOR SAFETY																							REVISION																				
																															0																				
																									0		2025-06-05		Michael D		INITIAL RELEASE																				
																									REV.		DATE		NAME		CHANGES				SCHEME																
	CONTRACT:							LOCATION: OES SENSORI DRAWINGS																	Drawn By Michael D				Date 2025-04-16		05																				
A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I		J		K		L		M		N		O		P		Q		R		S		T		U		V		W		X		Y		Z	

Document realized with version : 2021-5-8-2018